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## Introduction

Congratulations on the purchase of your new TEW-635BRM. The 300Mbps Wireless N ADSL 2/2+ Modem Router is a multi-function device providing the following services:

- ADSL Modem.
- Shared Broadband Internet Access for all LAN users.
- Wireless Access Point for 802.11b, 802.11g and 802.11n Wireless Stations.
- 4-Port Switching Hub for 10BaseT or 100BaseT connections.



## Features

The 300Mbps Wireless N ADSL 2/2+ Modem Router incorporates many advanced features, carefully designed to provide sophisticated functions while being easy to use.

#### **Internet Access Features**

- Shared Internet Access. All users on the LAN or WLAN can access the Internet through the Wireless ADSL Router, using only a single external IP Address. The local (invalid) IP Addresses are hidden from external sources. This process is called NAT (Network Address Translation).
- **Built-in ADSL Modem.** The Wireless ADSL Router has a built-in ADSL modem, supporting all common ADSL connections.
- *IPoA, PPPoE, PPPoA, Direct Connection Support.* The Wireless ADSL Router supports all common connection methods.
- *Auto-detection of Internet Connection Method.* In most situations, the Wireless ADSL Router can test your ADSL and Internet connection to determine the connection method used by your ISP.
- *Fixed or Dynamic IP Address.* On the Internet (ADSL port) connection, the Wireless ADSL Router supports both Dynamic IP Address (IP Address is allocated on connection) and Fixed IP Address.

## **Advanced Internet Functions**

- *Application Level Gateways (ALGs).* Applications which use non-standard connections or port numbers are normally blocked by the Firewall. The ability to define and allow such applications is provided, to enable such applications to be used normally.
- **Dynamic DNS Support.** DDNS, when used with the Virtual Servers feature, allows users to connect to Servers on your LAN using a Domain Name, even if you have a dynamic IP address which changes every time you connect.
- URL Filter. Use the URL Filter to block access to undesirable Web sites by LAN users.
- *Access Control.* Using the Access Control feature, you can assign LAN users to different groups, and determine which Internet services are available to each group.
- *Firewall.* As well as the built-in firewall to protect your LAN, you can define Firewall Rules to determine which incoming and outgoing traffic should be permitted.
- *Scheduling.* Both the URL Filter and Firewall rules can be scheduled to operate only at certain times. This provides great flexibility in controlling Internet -bound traffic.
- *Logs.* Define what data is recorded in the Logs, and optionally send log data to a Syslog Server. Log data can also be E-mailed to you.
- *Port Triggering.* This feature, also called Special Applications, allows you to use Internet applications which normally do not function when used behind a firewall.
- *Port Forwarding.* This feature allows Internet users to access Internet servers on your LAN. The required setup is quick and easy.
- **QoS Support** Quality of Service can be used to handle packets so that more important connections receive priority over less important one.
- **VPN Pass through Support.** PCs with VPN (Virtual Private Networking) software using PPTP, L2TP and IPSec are transparently supported no configuration is required.

## **Wireless Features**

- *Standards Compliant.* The Wireless ADSL Router complies with the IEEE802.11g (DSSS) specifications for Wireless LANs.
- *Supports 11n Wireless Stations.* The 802.11n Draft standard provides for backward compatibility with the 802.11b standard, so 802.11n, 802.11b and 802.11g Wireless stations can be used simultaneously.
- *WEP support.* Support for WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy) is included. Key sizes of 64 Bit and 128 Bit are supported. WEP encrypts any data before transmission, providing protection against snoopers.
- *WPA-PSK support.* Like WEP, WPA-PSK encrypts any data before transmission, providing protection against snoopers. The WPA-PSK is a later standard than WEP, and provides both easier configuration and greater security than WEP.
- *WPA2-PSK support.* Support for WPA2 is also included. WPA2 uses the extremely secure AES encryption method.
- **802.1x Support.** Support for 802.1x mode is included, providing for the industrial-strength wireless security of 802.1x authentication and authorization.
- *Wireless MAC Access Control.* The Wireless Access Control feature can check the MAC address (hardware address) of Wireless stations to ensure that only trusted Wireless Stations can access your LAN.
- *WPS Support.* WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup) can simplify the process of connecting any device to the wireless network by using the push button configuration (PBC) on the Wireless Access Point, or entering PIN code if there's no button.
- *WDS Support*. Support for WDS (Wireless Distribution System) allows the Wireless Access Point to act as a Wireless Bridge. Both Point-to-Point and Multi-Point Bridge modes are supported.

• *Simple Configuration.* If the default settings are unsuitable, they can be changed quickly and easily.

#### LAN Features

- **4-Port Switching Hub.** The Wireless ADSL Router incorporates a 4-port 10/100BaseT switching hub, making it easy to create or extend your LAN.
- *DHCP Server Support*. Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol provides a dynamic IP address to PCs and other devices upon request. The Wireless ADSL Router can act as a **DHCP Server** for devices on your local LAN and WLAN.

#### **Configuration & Management**

- *Easy Setup.* Use your WEB browser from anywhere on the LAN or WLAN for configuration.
- *Configuration File Upload/Download.* Save (download) the configuration data from the Wireless ADSL Router to your PC, and restore (upload) a previously-saved configuration file to the Wireless ADSL Router.
- **Remote Management.** The Wireless ADSL Router can be managed from any PC on your LAN or Wireless LAN. And, if the Internet connection exists, it can also (optionally) be configured via the Internet.
- *Network Diagnostics.* You can use the Wireless ADSL Router to perform a *Ping* or *DNS lookup*.

## **Security Features**

- **Password protected Configuration**. Password protection is provided to prevent unauthorized users from modifying the configuration data and settings.
- *Wireless LAN Security*. WPA-PSK, WEP and Wireless access control by MAC address are all supported. The MAC-level access control feature can be used to prevent unknown wireless stations from accessing your LAN.
- *NAT Protection.* An intrinsic side effect of NAT (Network Address Translation) technology is that by allowing all LAN users to share a single IP address, the location and even the existence of each PC is hidden. From the external viewpoint, there is no network, only a single device the Wireless ADSL Router.
- *Firewall.* All incoming data packets are monitored and all incoming server requests are filtered, thus protecting your network from malicious attacks from external sources.
- **Protection against DoS attacks.** DoS (Denial of Service) attacks can flood your Internet connection with invalid packets and connection requests, using so much bandwidth and so many resources that Internet access becomes unavailable. The Wireless ADSL Router incorporates protection against DoS attacks.

## **Package Contents**

The following items should be included. If any of these items are damaged or missing, please contact your dealer immediately.

- TEW-635BRM
- CD-ROM (User's Guide)
- Quick Installation Guide
- Power adapter (12V DC, 1A)
- Cat. 5 Ethernet cable (1.5m / 5ft.)
- RJ-11 telephone cable (0.9m / 3ft.)

## **Physical Details**

#### **Front-mounted LEDs**



**WPS Button** Push the WPS button on the device and your other wireless device to perform WPS function that easily creates an encryption-secured wireless connection automatically.

When WPS button is pressed, the LED will start blinking for 2 minutes. If any client is associated with the router successfully within 2 minutes, the LED will stay On, otherwise the LED will be Off.

Power LED	<b>On</b> - Power on.		
(Orange)	Off - No power.		
LAN (Blue)	<b>On</b> - The LAN port is active.		
	Off - No active connection on the LAN (Ethernet) port.		
	<b>Flashing</b> - Data is being transmitted or received via the corresponding LAN port.		
WLAN (Blue)	$\mathbf{On}$ - When wireless client have connected		
	Off - No Wireless connections currently exist.		
	<b>Flashing</b> - Data is being transmitted or received via the Wireless access point. This includes "network traffic" as well as user data.		
ADSL	<b>On</b> - ADSL connection established.		
(Green)	Off - No ADSL connection currently exists.		
	Flashing - ADSL is synchronizing.		
Internet	On (Blue) - Internet connection is available.		
(Blue/Yellow)	Off - No Internet connection available.		
	<b>Flashing (Blue)</b> - Data is being transmitted or received via the ADSL connection.		
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## **Rear Panel**



ADSL port	Connect this port to your ADSL line.	
10/100BaseT LAN connections	Use standard LAN cables (RJ45 connectors) to connect your PCs to these ports.	
	Note:	
	Any LAN port on the Wireless ADSL Router will automatically function as an "Uplink" port when required. Just connect any port to a normal port on the other hub, using a standard LAN cable.	
Reset Button (Reset to Defaults)	This button will reset the Wireless ADSL Router to the factory default settings. To do this, press and hold the Reset Button for five (5) seconds, until the Status LED is lit, then release the Reset Button, and wait the Wireless ADSL Router to restart using the factory default values.	
Power port	Connect the supplied power adapter here.	

## Wireless Performance Considerations

There are a number of factors that can impact the range of wireless devices.

- 1. Adjust your wireless devices so that the signal is traveling in a straight path, rather than at an angle. The more material the signal has to pass through the more signal you will lose.
- 2. Keep the number of obstructions to a minimum. Each obstruction can reduce the range of a wireless device. Position the wireless devices in a manner that will minimize the amount of obstructions between them.
- 3. Building materials can have a large impact on your wireless signal. In an indoor environment, try to position the wireless devices so that the signal passes through less dense material such as dry wall. Dense materials like metal, solid wood, glass or even furniture may block or degrade the signal.
- 4. Antenna orientation can also have a large impact on your wireless signal. Use the wireless adapter's site survey tool to determine the best antenna orientation for your wireless devices.
- 5. Interference from devices that produce RF (radio frequency) noise can also impact your signal. Position your wireless devices away from anything that generates RF noise, such as microwaves, radios and baby monitors.
- 6. Any device operating on the 2.4GHz frequency will cause interference. Devices such as 2.4GHz cordless phones or other wireless remotes operating on the 2.4GHz frequency can potentially drop the wireless signal. Although the phone may not be in use, the base can still transmit wireless signal. Move the phone's base station as far away as possible from your wireless devices.

If you are still experiencing low or no signal consider repositioning the wireless devices or installing additional access points. The use of higher gain antennas may also provide the necessary coverage depending on the environment.

# PC Configuration

## Overview

For each PC, the following may need to be configured:

- TCP/IP network settings
- Internet Access configuration
- Wireless configuration

## **Windows Clients**

This section describes how to configure Windows clients for Internet access via the Wireless ADSL Router.

The first step is to check the PC's TCP/IP settings.

The Wireless ADSL Router uses the TCP/IP network protocol for all functions, so it is essential that the TCP/IP protocol be installed and configured on each PC.

## **TCP/IP Settings - Overview**

#### If using the default Wireless ADSL Router settings, and the default Windows TCP/IP settings, no changes need to be made.

- By default, the Wireless ADSL Router will act as a DHCP Server, automatically providing a suitable IP Address (and related information) to each PC when the PC boots.
- For all non-Server versions of Windows, the default TCP/IP setting is to act as a DHCP client.

#### If using a Fixed (specified) IP address, the following changes are required:

- The Gateway must be set to the IP address of the Wireless ADSL Router
- The DNS should be set to the address provided by your ISP.



If your LAN has a Router, the LAN Administrator must reconfigure the Router itself. Refer to *Chapter 8 - Advanced Setup* for details.

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## Checking TCP/IP Settings - Windows 9x/ME:

1. Select Control Panel - Network. You should see a screen like the following:

letwork		? ×			
Configuration Identification	on   Access Control   components are installed	d:			
NetBEUI -> PCI Fast Ethernet Adapter NetBEUI -> Dial-Up Adapter NetBEUI -> Dial-Up Adapter #2 (VPN Support) TCP/IP -> PCI Fast Ethernet Adapter					
TCP/IP -> Dial-Up Adapter TCP/IP -> Dial-Up Adapter #2 (VPN Support) File and printer sharing for NetWare Networks					
<u>A</u> dd	R <u>e</u> move	P <u>r</u> operties			

- 2. Select the *TCP/IP* protocol for your network card.
- 3. Click on the *Properties* button. You should then see a screen like the following.

?)				
nfiguration				
ddress				
An IP address can be automatically assigned to this computer. If your network does not automatically assign IP addresses, ask your network administrator for an address, and then type it in the space below.				
© Specify an IP address:				

Ensure your TCP/IP settings are correct, as follows:

#### Using DHCP

To use DHCP, select the radio button *Obtain an IP Address automatically*. This is the default Windows setting. **Using this is recommended**. By default, the Wireless ADSL Router will act as a DHCP Server.

Restart your PC to ensure it obtains an IP Address from the Wireless ADSL Router.

#### Using "Specify an IP Address"

If your PC is already configured, check with your network administrator before making the following changes:

• On the *Gateway* tab, enter the Wireless ADSL Router's IP address in the *New Gateway* field and click *Add*, as shown below. Your LAN administrator can advise you of the IP Address they assigned to the Wireless ADSL Router.

CP/IP Proper	ties		? ×	
Bindings	Advanced	NetBIOS	DNS Configuration	
Gateway	WINS	Configuration	IP Address	
The first gateway in the Installed Gateway list will be the default. The address order in the list will be the order in which these machines are used.  New gateway:				
192.168.0.1				
Installed gateways:				
		Remo	ve	

• On the *DNS Configuration* tab, ensure *Enable DNS* is selected. If the *DNS Server Search Order* list is empty, enter the DNS address provided by your ISP in the fields beside the *Add* button, then click *Add*.

TCP/IP Propert	ties		? ×		
Gateway	,	Configuration	IP Address		
Bindings	Advanced NetBIOS DNS Configuration				
⊂ D <u>i</u> sable	DNS				
- ● <u>E</u> nable	© Enable DNS				
Host: Domain:					
DNS Server Search Order					
		$\geq$ _	Add		
		E	<u>R</u> emove		

## Checking TCP/IP Settings - Windows NT4.0

1. Select *Control Panel - Network*, and, on the *Protocols* tab, select the TCP/IP protocol, as shown below.

Network ?	×			
Identification Services Protocols Adapters Bindings				
Network Protocols:				
≩ NWLink IPX/SPX Compatible Transport ≩ NWLink NetBIOS ≩ <mark>TCP/IP Protocol</mark>				
Add <u>Bemove</u> <u>Properties</u> <u>Update</u> Description: Transport Control Protocol/Internet Protocol. The default wide area network protocol that provides communication across diverse interconnected networks.				
OK Cancel	1			

2. Click the *Properties* button to see a screen like the one below.

Microsoft TCP/IP Properties				
IP Address DNS WINS Address DHCP Relay Routing				
An IP address can be automatically assigned to this network card by a DHCP server. If your network does not have a DHCP server, ask your network administrator for an address, and then type it in the space below.				
Adagter:				
PCI Fast Ethernet Adapter				
O Datain an IP address from a DHCP server     Specify an IP address				
[P Address:				
Subnet Mask:				
Default <u>G</u> ateway:				
OK Cancel Apply				

- 3. Select the network card for your LAN.
- 4. Select the appropriate radio button *Obtain an IP address from a DHCP Server* or *Specify an IP Address*, as explained below.

#### **Obtain an IP address from a DHCP Server**

This is the default Windows setting. **Using this is recommended**. By default, the Wireless ADSL Router will act as a DHCP Server.

Restart your PC to ensure it obtains an IP Address from the Wireless ADSL Router.

#### Specify an IP Address

If your PC is already configured, check with your network administrator before making the following changes.

- 1. The *Default Gateway* must be set to the IP address of the Wireless ADSL Router. To set this:
  - Click the *Advanced* button on the screen above.
  - On the following screen, click the *Add* button in the *Gateways* panel, and enter the Wireless ADSL Router's IP address, as shown in Figure 26 below.
  - If necessary, use the *Up* button to make the Wireless ADSL Router the first entry in the *Gateways* list.

Advanced IP Addressing ? 🗙					
Ada <u>p</u> ter:	Adapter: PCI Fast Ethernet Adapter				
	P/IP Gateway Address ? 🗙				
	jateway Address:				
	Add Cancel				
<u> <u> </u></u>	iys				
	Lipt Down				
Ay	dd Edjt Re <u>m</u> ove				
🗖 Enat	ble PPTP Filtering				
	onfigure DK Cance	el			

- 2. The DNS should be set to the address provided by your ISP, as follows:
  - Click the DNS tab.
  - On the DNS screen, shown below, click the *Add* button (under *DNS Service Search Order*), and enter the DNS provided by your ISP.

Microsoft TCP/IP Properties			
IP Address DNS WINS Address	DHCP Relay Routing		
Domain Name System (DNS)			
	D <u>o</u> main:		
DNS Service Search Order			
	Upt		
	Down↓		
Add <u>E</u> dit	Remo <u>v</u> e		
TCP/IP DNS Server	? ×		
TCF/IF DNS Selver			
DNS Server:	Add		
	Cancel Down+		
OK	Cancel <u>Apply</u>		

### Checking TCP/IP Settings - Windows 2000:

- 1. Select Control Panel Network and Dial-up Connection.
- 2. Right click the *Local Area Connection* icon and select *Properties*. You should see a screen like the following:

ocal Area Connection Properties ? 🗙		
General		
Connect using:		
💷 PCI Fast Ethernet Ada	pter	
, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i		Configure
Components checked are used by t	his connection:	
<ul> <li>✓ Elicent for Microsoft Network</li> <li>✓ Bile and Printer Sharing for Network</li> <li>✓ Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)</li> </ul>		iks
Install Uninst	all	Properties
Description		
Transmission Control Protocol/Int wide area network protocol that p across diverse interconnected ne	provides commu	
🔲 Show icon in taskbar when con	nected	
	OK	Cancel

- 3. Select the *TCP/IP* protocol for your network card.
- 4. Click on the *Properties* button. You should then see a screen like the following.

Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties	? ×
General	
You can get IP settings assigned automatic: this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask y the appropriate IP settings.	
Obtain an IP address automatically	
C Use the following IP address:	
IP address:	
Subnet mask:	
Default gateway:	
Obtain DNS server address automatic	ally
┌── Use the following DNS server address	es:
Preferred DNS server:	
Alternate DNS server:	
	Advanced
	OK Cancel

5. Ensure your TCP/IP settings are correct, as described below.

#### Using DHCP

To use DHCP, select the radio button *Obtain an IP Address automatically*. This is the default Windows setting. **Using this is recommended**. By default, the Wireless ADSL Router will act as a DHCP Server.

Restart your PC to ensure it obtains an IP Address from the Wireless ADSL Router.

## Using a fixed IP Address ("Use the following IP Address")

If your PC is already configured, check with your network administrator before making the following changes.

- Enter the Wireless ADSL Router's IP address in the *Default gateway* field and click *OK*. (Your LAN administrator can advise you of the IP Address they assigned to the Wireless ADSL Router.)
- If the *DNS Server* fields are empty, select *Use the following DNS server addresses*, and enter the DNS address or addresses provided by your ISP, then click *OK*.

## **Checking TCP/IP Settings - Windows XP**

- 1. Select Control Panel Network Connection.
- 2. Right click the *Local Area Connection* and choose *Properties*. You should see a screen like the following:

Local	Area Connection Properties
General	Authentication Advanced
Connec	t using:
-	PCI Fast Adapter
	Configure
This c <u>o</u>	nnection uses the following items:
	SFile and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks QoS Packet Scheduler Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)
Desc	iption
wide	smission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol. The default area network protocol that provides communication ss diverse interconnected networks.
Sho	w icon in notification area when connected
	OK Cancel

- 3. Select the *TCP/IP* protocol for your network card.
- 4. Click on the *Properties* button. You should then see a screen like the following.

Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Prope	rties 🔹 💽 🔀	
General Alternate Configuration		
You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IP settings.		
Obtain an IP address automatical	ÿ	
Use the following IP address: —		
IP address:		
S <u>u</u> bnet mask:		
Default gateway:	· · ·	
⊙ O <u>b</u> tain DNS server address autor	natically	
OUse the following DNS server add	dresses:	
Preferred DNS server:		
<u>A</u> lternate DNS server:		
	Ad <u>v</u> anced	
	OK Cancel	

5. Ensure your TCP/IP settings are correct.

#### Using DHCP

To use DHCP, select the radio button *Obtain an IP Address automatically*. This is the default Windows setting. **Using this is recommended**. By default, the Wireless ADSL Router will act as a DHCP Server.

Restart your PC to ensure it obtains an IP Address from the Wireless ADSL Router.

#### Using a fixed IP Address ("Use the following IP Address")

If your PC is already configured, check with your network administrator before making the following changes.

- In the *Default gateway* field, enter the Wireless ADSL Router's IP address and click *OK*. Your LAN administrator can advise you of the IP Address they assigned to the Wireless ADSL Router.
- If the *DNS Server* fields are empty, select *Use the following DNS server addresses*, and enter the DNS address or addresses provided by your ISP, then click *OK*.

### **Internet Access**

To configure your PCs to use the Wireless ADSL Router for Internet access:

- Ensure that the DSL modem, Cable modem, or other permanent connection is functional.
- Use the following procedure to configure your Browser to access the Internet via the LAN, rather than by a Dial-up connection.

#### For Windows 9x/ME/2000

- 1. Select Start Menu Settings Control Panel Internet Options.
- 2. Select the Connection tab, and click the *Setup* button.
- 3. Select "I want to set up my Internet connection manually, or I want to connect through a local area network (LAN)" and click *Next*.
- 4. Select "I connect through a local area network (LAN)" and click Next.
- 5. Ensure all of the boxes on the following Local area network Internet Configuration screen are **unchecked**.
- 6. Check the "No" option when prompted "Do you want to set up an Internet mail account now?".
- 7. Click *Finish* to close the Internet Connection Wizard. Setup is now completed.

#### For Windows XP

- 1. Select Start Menu Control Panel Network and Internet Connections.
- 2. Select Set up or change your Internet Connection.
- 3. Select the *Connection* tab, and click the *Setup* button.
- 4. Cancel the pop-up "Location Information" screen.
- 5. Click Next on the "New Connection Wizard" screen.
- 6. Select "Connect to the Internet" and click Next.
- 7. Select "Set up my connection manually" and click Next.
- 8. Check "Connect using a broadband connection that is always on" and click Next.
- 9. Click *Finish* to close the New Connection Wizard. Setup is now completed.

## Accessing AOL

To access AOL (America On Line) through the Wireless ADSL Router, the *AOL for Windows* software must be configured to use TCP/IP network access, rather than a dial-up connection. The configuration process is as follows:

- Start the *AOL for Windows* communication software. Ensure that it is Version 2.5, 3.0 or later. This procedure will not work with earlier versions.
- Click the Setup button.
- Select *Create Location*, and change the location name from "New Locality" to "Wireless ADSL Router".
- Click *Edit Location*. Select *TCP/IP* for the *Network* field. (Leave the *Phone Number* blank.)
- Click *Save*, then *OK*. Configuration is now complete.
- Before clicking "Sign On", always ensure that you are using the "Wireless ADSL Router" location.

## **Macintosh Clients**

From your Macintosh, you can access the Internet via the Wireless ADSL Router. The procedure is as follows.

- 1. Open the TCP/IP Control Panel.
- 2. Select *Ethernet* from the *Connect via* pop-up menu.
- 3. Select *Using DHCP Server* from the *Configure* pop-up menu. The DHCP Client ID field can be left blank.
- 4. Close the TCP/IP panel, saving your settings.

#### Note:

If using manually assigned IP addresses instead of DHCP, the required changes are:

- Set the *Router Address* field to the Wireless ADSL Router's IP Address.
- Ensure your DNS settings are correct.

## **Linux Clients**

To access the Internet via the Wireless ADSL Router, it is only necessary to set the Wireless ADSL Router as the "Gateway".

#### Ensure you are logged in as "root" before attempting any changes.

#### **Fixed IP Address**

By default, most Unix installations use a fixed IP Address. If you wish to continue using a fixed IP Address, make the following changes to your configuration.

- Set your "Default Gateway" to the IP Address of the Wireless ADSL Router.
- Ensure your DNS (Name server) settings are correct.

#### To act as a DHCP Client (recommended)

The procedure below may vary according to your version of Linux and X -windows shell.

- 1. Start your X Windows client.
- 2. Select Control Panel Network
- 3. Select the "Interface" entry for your Network card. Normally, this will be called "eth0".
- 4. Click the *Edit* button, set the "protocol" to "DHCP", and save this data.
- 5. To apply your changes
  - Use the "Deactivate" and "Activate" buttons, if available.
  - OR, restart your system.

## **Other Unix Systems**

To access the Internet via the Wireless ADSL Router:

- Ensure the "Gateway" field for your network card is set to the IP Address of the Wireless ADSL Router.
- Ensure your DNS (Name Server) settings are correct.

## **Wireless Station Configuration**

This section applies to all Wireless stations wishing to use the Wireless ADSL Router's Access Point, regardless of the operating system which is used on the client.

To use the Wireless Access Point in the Wireless ADSL Router, each Wireless Station must have compatible settings, as follows:

Mode	The mode must be set to <i>Infrastructure</i> (rather than Ad-hoc)	
_	Access points only operate in <i>Infrastructure</i> mode.	
SSID (ESSID)	This must match the value used on the Wireless ADSL Router. The default value is <b>Admin</b> .	
	Note! The SSID is case sensitive.	
Wireless Security	<ul> <li>By default, Wireless security on the Wireless ADSL Router is disabled.</li> <li>If Wireless security remains disabled on the Wireless ADSL Router, all stations must have wireless security disabled.</li> </ul>	
	• If Wireless security is enabled on the Wireless Router, each station must use the same settings as the Wireless ADLS Router.	

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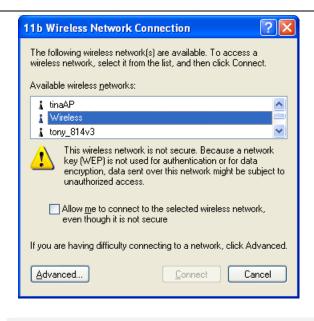
## Wireless Configuration on Windows XP

If using Windows XP to configure the Wireless interface on your PC, the configuration procedure is as follows:

1. Open the Network Connections folder. (Start - Settings - Network Connections).

S Network Connections				
File Edit View Favorites To	ols Advanced Help			<u></u>
🔇 Back 🔹 🕥 🔹 🎓 Sear	rch 🜔 Folders 🕼 🗇 🗙	<b>9</b>		
Address 🔕 Network Connections				💌 🄁 Go
Name	Туре	Status	Device Name	Phone # or Host Address
LAN or High-Speed Internet				
🕹 1394 Connection	LAN or High-Speed Internet	Disabled	1394 Net Adapter	
💥 11b Wireless Network Connection 📒	LAN or High-Speed Internet	Wireless connection unavailable	Intel(R) PRO/Wireless	
🕹 100BaseT Local Area Connection	Disable		Realtek RTL8139/810x	
Wizard	View Available Wireless Ne Status	tworks		
	Repair			
New Connection Wizard	Bridge Connections			
<	Create Shortcut			>
🚽 View the wireless networks that are	Delete			
	Rename			
-	Properties			

- 2. Right-click the Wireless Network Connection, check that it is enabled (menu option says *Disable*, rather than *Enable*) and then select *View Available Wireless Networks*.
- 3. You will then see a list of wireless networks.





If the "Broadcast SSID" setting on the Wireless ADSL Router has been disabled, its SSID will NOT be listed. See the following section "If the SSID is not listed" for details of dealing with this situation.

4. The next step depends on whether or not Wireless security has been enabled on the Wireless ADSL Router.

#### If Wireless Security is Disabled

If Wireless security on the Wireless ADSL Router is disabled, Windows will warn you that the Wireless network is not secure.

11b Wireless Network Connection
The following wireless network(s) are available. To access a wireless network, select it from the list, and then click Connect. Available wireless <u>n</u> etworks:
🗼 tinaAP
tony 814v3
This wireless network is not secure. Because a network key (WEP) is not used for authentication or for data encryption, data sent over this network might be subject to unauthorized access.
Allow me to connect to the selected wireless network, even though it is not secure
If you are having difficulty connecting to a network, click Advanced.
Advanced Connect Cancel

#### To connect:

- Check the checkbox Allow me to connect to the selected wireless network, even though it is not secure.
- The *Connect* button will then be available. Click the *Connect* button, and wait a few seconds for the connection to be established.

## If using WEP Data Encryption

If WEP data encryption has been enabled on the Wireless ADSL Router, Windows will detect this, and show a screen like the following.

11b Wireless Network Connection	?X
The following wireless network(s) are available. To access a wireless network, select it from the list, and then click Conne	
Available wireless networks:	
tinaAP ¥ Wireless tony_814v3	
This wireless network requires the use of a network key (WI access this network, type the key, then click Connect.	EP). To
Network key:	
C <u>o</u> nfirm network key:	
Enable IEEE 802.1x authentication for this network  If you are having difficulty connecting to a network, click Ac      Advanced      Ca	DISABLED

#### To connect:

- Enter the WEP key, as set on the Wireless ADSL Router, in the *Network Key* field.
- Re-enter the WEP key into the *Confirm Network key* field.
- **Disable** the checkbox *Enable IEEE 802.1x authentication for this network*.
- Click the *Connect* button.

If this fails, click the Advanced button, to see a screen like the following:

📥 11b Wireless Network Connection Properties 🛛 🕐	×
General Wireless Networks Advanced	
✓ Use <u>Windows</u> to configure my wireless network settings	
Available networks:	
To connect to an available network, click Configure.	
🗼 tony_614v1 🔗 🖸 Configure	
👔 Wireless	
albert_1	
Preferred networks:	
Automatically connect to available networks in the order listed below:	
Move <u>up</u>	
Move <u>d</u> own	
Add <u>R</u> emove Properties	
Learn about <u>setting up wireless network</u> <u>configuration.</u> Ad <u>v</u> anced	
OK Cancel	

Select the SSID for the Wireless ADSL Router, and click *Configure*, to see a screen like the following:

	Wireless network properties	×
	Association Authentication	
	Network name (SSID): Wireless	
	Wireless network key	
	This network requires a key for the following:	
	Network Authentication: Open	
	Data encryption: WEP	
	Network <u>k</u> ey:	
	Confirm network key:	
	Key inde <u>x</u> (advanced): 1 🤹	
JNCHECK 🧹	The key is provided for me automatically	
these options	This is a <u>computer-to-computer</u> (ad hoc) network; wireless access points are not used	
	OK Cancel	

#### Configure this screen as follows:

- Set *Network Authentication* to match the Wireless ADSL Router. (If the setting on the Wireless ADSL Router is "Auto", then either *Open* or *Shared* can be used.)
- For *Data Encryption*, select **WEP**.
- For the *Network key* and *Confirm network key*, enter the **default key value** used on the Wireless ADSL Router. (Windows will determine if 64bit or 128bit encryption is used.)
- The *Key index* must match the **default key index** on the Wireless ADSL Router. The default value is 1.
- Ensure the options *The key is provided for me automatically* and *This is a computer-to-computer (ad hoc) network* are unchecked.
- Click OK to save and close this dialog.
- This wireless network will now be listed in *Preferred Networks* on the screen below.

🗕 11b Wireless Network Connection Properties 🛛 ? 🔀
General Wireless Networks Advanced
✓ Use <u>W</u> indows to configure my wireless network settings
Available networks:
To connect to an available network, click Configure.
L tinaAP
tony 814v3
Preferred networks:
Automatically connect to available networks in the order listed below:
Wireless Move up
Move <u>d</u> own
Add <u>R</u> emove Properties
Learn about <u>setting up wireless network</u> <u>configuration</u> .
OK Cancel

Click OK to establish a connection to the Wireless ADSL Router.

## If using WPA-PSK Data Encryption

If WPA-PSK data encryption has been enabled on the Wireless ADSL Router, it does not matter which network is selected on the screen below. Just click the *Advanced* button.

11b Wireless Network Connection
The following wireless network(s) are available. To access a wireless network, select it from the list, and then click Connect.
Available wireless networks:
🗼 tinaAP 📃 🔼
👔 Wireless 🤤
🗼 tony_814v3 🛛 💌
This wireless network requires the use of a network key (WEP). To access this network, type the key, then click Connect.
Network key:
Confirm network key:
Enable IEEE 802.1x authentication for this network
If you are having difficulty connecting to a network, click Advanced.
Advanced Connect Cancel

You will then see a screen like the example below.

🕹 11b Wireless Network Connection Properties 🛛 🕐 🔀		
General Wireless Networks Advanced		
✓ Use Windows to configure my wireless network settings		
Available networks:		
To connect to an available network, click Configure.		
tony_614v1 Configure		
Vireless		
Lalbert_1		
Defendentier		
Preferred networks: Automatically connect to available networks in the order listed below:		
Move <u>up</u>		
Move <u>d</u> own		
Add <u>R</u> emove Properties		
Learn about <u>setting up wireless network</u> <u>configuration</u> . Ad <u>v</u> anced		
OK Cancel		

Select the SSID for the Wireless ADSL Router, and click *Configure*, to see a screen like the following:

Wireless network properties			
Association Authentication		_	
Network name (SSID):			
Wireless network key			
This network requires a ke	y for the following:		
Network Authentication:	WPA-PSK 💌		
Data encryption:	TKIP		
Network <u>k</u> ey:	•••••		
Confirm network key:	•••••		
Key inde <u>x</u> (advanced): 1			
The key is provided for me automatically			
This is a computer-to-computer (ad hoc) network; wireless access points are not used			
	OK Cancel		

#### Configure this screen as follows:

- Set *Network Authentication* to **WPA-PSK**.
- For *Data Encryption*, select **TKIP**.
- For the *Network key* and *Confirm network key*, enter the network key (PSK) used on the Wireless ADSL Router.
- Ensure the option *This is a computer-to-computer (ad hoc) network* is unchecked.
- Click OK to save and close this dialog.
- This wireless network will now be listed in *Preferred Networks* on the screen below.

🕹 11b Wireless Network Connection Properties 🛛 🔋 🔀
General Wireless Networks Advanced
✓ Use <u>W</u> indows to configure my wireless network settings
Available networks:
To connect to an available network, click Configure.
🗼 tinaAP 🔷 Configure
1 Wireless
i tony_814v3
Preferred networks: Automatically connect to available networks in the order listed below:
Wireless Move up
Move <u>d</u> own
Add <u>R</u> emove Properties
Learn about <u>setting up wireless network</u> <u>configuration</u> . Ad <u>v</u> anced
OK Cancel

Click OK to establish a connection to the Wireless ADSL Router.

#### If the SSID is not listed

If the "Broadcast SSID" setting on the Wireless ADSL Router has been disabled, its SSID will NOT be listed on the screen below.

11b Wireless Network Connection		
The following wireless network(s) are available. To access a wireless network, select it from the list, and then click Connect. Available wireless networks:		
tinaAP		
🗧 💭 Wireless		
🗼 tony_814v3 💌		
This wireless network requires the use of a network key (WEP). To access this network, type the key, then click Connect.		
Network key:		
Confirm network key:		
Enable IEEE 802.1x authentication for this network		
If you are having difficulty connecting to a network, click Advanced.		
Advanced Cancel		

In this situation, you need to obtain the SSID from your network administrator, then follow this procedure:

1. Click the *Advanced* button to see a screen like the example below.

	🕹 11b Wireless Network Connection Properties 🛛 🕐 🔀
	General Wireless Networks Advanced
	✓ Use <u>W</u> indows to configure my wireless network settings
	Available networks:
	To connect to an available network, click Configure.
	La tony Configure
	Refresh
	Preferred networks:
	Automatically connect to available networks in the order listed below:
	Move <u>up</u>
	Move <u>d</u> own
Add — Button	Add <u>R</u> emove Pr <u>o</u> perties
	Learn about <u>setting up wireless network</u> <u>configuration</u> . Ad <u>v</u> anced
	OK Cancel

2. Click the *Add* button. You will see a screen like the example below.

	Wireless network properties	
	Association Authentication	
	Network <u>n</u> ame (SSID):	– Enter SSID
	This network requires a key for the following:          Network Authentication:       Open         Data encryption:       WEP	Set to match Access Point
	Network key:	
	Confirm network key: Key inde <u>x</u> (advanced):	
UNCHECK these options	This is a <u>computer-to-computer</u> (ad hoc) network; wireless access points are not used	
	OK Cancel	

- 3. Configure this screen as follows:
  - Enter the correct SSID, as used on the Wireless ADSL Router. Remember the SSID is case-sensitive, so be sure to match the case, not just the spelling.
  - Set Network Authentication and Data Encryption to match the Wireless ADSL Router.
  - If using data encryption (WEP or WPA-PSK), enter the key used on the Wireless ADSL Router. See the preceding sections for details of WEP and WPA-PSK.
  - Uncheck the options *The key is provided for me automatically* and *This is a computer-to-computer (ad hoc) network.*
  - Click OK to save and exit.
- 4. This wireless network will then be listed in *Preferred Networks* on the screen below.

🕹 11b Wireless Network Connection Properties 🛛 🕐 🔀
General Wireless Networks Advanced
✓ Use Windows to configure my wireless network settings
Available networks:
To connect to an available network, click Configure.
tinaAP
tony 814v3
Preferred networks:
Automatically connect to available networks in the order listed below:
Wireless Move up
Move <u>d</u> own
<u>A</u> dd <u>R</u> emove Properties
Learn about <u>setting up wireless network</u> <u>configuration.</u> Ad <u>v</u> anced
OK Cancel

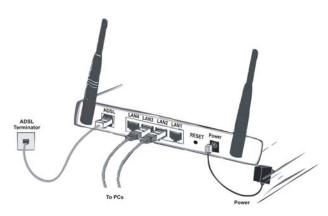
5. Click OK to establish a connection to the Wireless ADSL Router.

## Installation

## Requirements

- Network cables. Use standard 10/100BaseT network (UTP) cables with RJ45 connectors.
- TCP/IP protocol must be installed on all PCs.
- For Internet Access, an Internet Access account with an ISP, and a DSL connection.
- To use the Wireless Access Point, all Wireless devices must be compliant with the IEEE 802.11g, IEEE 802.11b or IEEE 802.11n Draft specifications.

## Procedure



#### 1. Choose an Installation Site

Select a suitable place on the network to install the Wireless ADSL Router.



For best Wireless reception and performance, the Wireless ADSL Router should be positioned in a central location with minimum obstructions between the Wireless ADSL Router and the PCs.

Also, if using multiple Access Points, adjacent Access Points should use different Channels.

#### 2. Connect LAN Cables

Use standard LAN cables to connect PCs to the Switching Hub ports on the Wireless ADSL Router. Both 10BaseT and 100BaseT connections can be used simultaneously.

If required, connect any port to a normal port on another Hub, using a standard LAN cable.

#### 3. Connect ADSL Cable

Connect the supplied ADSL cable from to the ADSL port on the Wireless ADSL Router (the RJ11 connector) to the ADSL terminator provided by your phone company.

#### 4. Power Up

Connect the supplied power adapter to the Wireless ADSL Router. Use only the power adapter provided. Using a different one may cause hardware damage.

#### 5. Check the LEDs

- The *Power* LED should be ON.
- For each LAN (PC) connection, one of the LAN LEDs should be ON (provided the PC is also ON.)
- The WLAN LED should be ON
- The ADSL LED should be ON if ADSL line is connected.
- The Internet LED may be OFF. After configuration, it should come ON.

For more information, refer to Front-mounted LEDs in page 4.

## Setup

## Overview

This chapter describes the setup procedure for:

- Internet Access
- LAN configuration
- Wireless setup
- Assigning a Password to protect the configuration data.

PCs on your local LAN may also require configuration. For details, see *Chapter 4 - PC Configuration*.

Other configuration may also be required, depending on which features and functions of the Wireless ADSL Router you wish to use. Use the table below to locate detailed instructions for the required functions.

To Do this:	Refer to:
Configure PCs on your LAN.	Chapter 4: PC Configuration
Check Wireless ADSL Router operation and Status.	Chapter 5: Operation and Status
<ul> <li>Use any of the following Advanced features:</li> <li>Internet (DMZ, URL Filter)</li> <li>Access Control</li> <li>Dynamic DNS</li> <li>Options</li> <li>Schedule</li> <li>Port Trigger</li> <li>Port Forward</li> <li>Port Range Forward</li> <li>QoS</li> </ul>	Chapter 6: Advanced Features
Use any of the following Administration Configuration settings or features: PC Database Config File Logging E-mail Diagnostics Remote Admin Routing Upgrade Firmware	Chapter 7 Advanced Administration

## **Configuration Program**

The Wireless ADSL Router contains an HTTP server. This enables you to connect to it, and configure it, using your Web Browser. **Your Browser must support JavaScript**.

The configuration program has been tested on the following browsers:

- Netscape 7.1 or later.
- Mozilla 1.6 or later
- Internet Explorer V5.5 or later

## Preparation

Before attempting to configure the Wireless ADSL Router, please ensure that:

- Your PC can establish a physical connection to the Wireless ADSL Router. The PC and the Wireless ADSL Router must be directly connected (using the Hub ports on the Wireless ADSL Router) or on the same LAN segment.
- The Wireless ADSL Router must be installed and powered ON.
- If the Wireless ADSL Router's default IP Address (192.168.0.1) is already used by another device, the other device must be turned OFF until the Wireless ADSL Router is allocated a new IP Address during configuration.

#### Using your Web Browser

To establish a connection from your PC to the TEW-635BRM:

- 6. After installing the TEW-635BRM in your LAN, start your PC. If your PC is already running, restart it.
- 7. Start your WEB browser.
- In the Address box, enter "HTTP://" and the IP Address of the TEW-635BRM, as in this example, which uses the Wireless ADSL Router's default IP Address: HTTP://192.168.10.1
- 9. When prompted for the User name and Password, enter values as follows:
  - User name admin
  - Password admin

## If you can't connect If the Wireless ADSL Router does not respond, check the following: The Wireless ADSL Router is properly installed, LAN connection is OK, and it is powered ON. You can test the connection by using the "Ping" command: Open the MS-DOS window or command prompt window. Enter the command: ping 192.168.10.1 If no response is received, either the connection is not working, or your PC's IP address is not compatible with the Wireless ADSL Router's IP Address. (See next item.) If your PC is using a fixed IP Address, its IP Address must be within the range 192.168.10.2 to 192.168.10.254 to be compatible with the Wireless ADSL Router's default IP Address of 192.168.10.1. Also, the Network Mask must be set to 255.255.255.0. See Chapter 4 - PC Configuration for details on checking your PC's TCP/IP settings. Ensure that your PC and the Wireless ADSL Router are on the same network segment. (If you don't have a router, this must be the case.) Ensure you are using the wired LAN interface. The Wireless interface can only be used if its configuration matches your PC's wireless settings.

## **Setup Wizard**

The first time you connect to the Wireless ADSL Router, you should run the *Setup Wizard* to configure the ADSL and Internet Connection.

1. Click the Setup Wizard link on the main menu and click "Next".



2. On the below screen, select Auto-detect or Manual Selection, then click "Next"



3. If *Manual Selection* is selected, you will see the VC 1 screen shown below. Enter the VPI and VCI values provided by your ISP, then click "Next".

tup Wizard	VC 1 - Primary	Internet Connection
N		
reins	stream provident and and	tils Forn your ACIDL provider.
Issword	VC 1 - Peimary Internet (	
ss word	VPR VOI	8 (0+255) 26 (12-255)
	VO.	
		Set to Defaults
	DSI, Modulation:	MultMode +
tion		
ig Out		
		<back net=""> Cancel</back>
		Costs Peets Cantel
		Copyright & 2003 THENDHAL AN Highligh
TRENDA	ET	300Mbps Wireless N ADSL 2/2+ Modem
TRENDA	ET	300Mbpn Wireless N ADSL 2/2* Modem TEW-6
		300Mbps Wireless N ADSL 2/2+ Modem TEW-6 - Internet Access
		- Internet Access
wind	Setup Wizard -	- Internet Access
_	Setup Wizard - Check Perdala popularia Connection Method Proor 10P resumes a Uni-	- Internet Access
_	Setup Wizard - Check The data supplied b Connection Method Pyrow KMP regions a Line Logar	- Internet Access In your 1997 In your and Phasacord for Internet Access, seed "Logis", Otherwise, select Tee
_	Setup Wizard - Check The data supplied to Connection Method Types the regards a Use Loger & Logen	Internet Access Internet Access Internet Access and the second se
_	Setup Wizard - Check the data support to Connection Numbed Types tittle reasons a Lite Loger in Login: No Login:	- Internet Access to roor UP - or or OP - or
_	Setup Wizard - Check The data supplied to Connection Method Types the regards a Use Loger & Logen	- Internet Access to roor UP - or or OP - or - or OP - or OP - or OP - or OP - or
	Setup Wizard - Check the data support to Connection Numbed Types tittle reasons a Lite Loger in Login: No Login:	- Internet Access to roor UP - or or OP - or - or OP - or OP - or OP - or OP - or
	Setup Wizard - Check the data support to Connection Numbed Types tittle reasons a Lite Loger in Login: No Login:	- Internet Access to roor UP - or or OP - or - or OP - or OP - or OP - or OP - or
	Setup Wizard - Check the data support to Connection Numbed Types tittle reasons a Lite Loger in Login: No Login:	- Internet Access to roor UP - or or OP - or - or OP - or OP - or OP - or OP - or
	Setup Wizard - Check the data support to Connection Numbed Types tittle reasons a Lite Loger in Login: No Login:	- Internet Access to roor UP - or or OP - or - or OP - or OP - or OP - or OP - or
	Setup Wizard - Check the data support to Connection Numbed Types tittle reasons a Lite Loger in Login: No Login:	- Internet Access w run to:  - Torne and Passault to Internet Access, solid "Legit" Otherwise, solid "Toe  - Department Proceedings (PP-2004 Integration)
	Setup Wizard - Check the data support to Connection Numbed Types tittle reasons a Lite Loger in Login: No Login:	- Internet Access to roor UP - or or OP - or - or OP - or OP - or OP - or OP - or
	Setup Wizard - Check the data support to Connection Numbed Types tittle reasons a Lite Loger in Login: No Login:	- Internet Access w run to:  - Torne and Passault to Internet Access, solid "Legit" Otherwise, solid "Toe  - Department Proceedings (PP-2004 Integration)
	Setup Wizard - Check the data support to Connection Numbed Types tittle reasons a Lite Loger in Login: No Login:	- Internet Access w run to:  - Torne and Passault to Internet Access, solid "Legit" Otherwise, solid "Toe  - Department Proceedings (PP-2004 Integration)
	Setup Wizard - Check the data support to Connection Numbed Types tittle reasons a Lite Loger in Login: No Login:	- Internet Access w run to:  - Torne and Passault to Internet Access, solid "Legit" Otherwise, solid "Toe  - Department Proceedings (PP-2004 Integration)
	Setup Wizard - Check the data support to Connection Numbed Types tittle reasons a Lite Loger in Login: No Login:	- Internet Access w run to:  - Torne and Passault to Internet Access, solid "Legit" Otherwise, solid "Toe  - Department Proceedings (PP-2004 Integration)
	Setup Wizard - Check the data support to Connection Numbed Types tittle reasons a Lite Loger in Login: No Login:	- Internet Access wards wards wards wards wards - Internet Access wards - Internet - In
	Setup Wizard - Check the data support to Connection Numbed Types tittle reasons a Lite Loger in Login: No Login:	- Internet Access wards wards wards wards wards - Internet Access wards - Internet - In
	Setup Wizard - Check the data support to Connection Numbed Types tittle reasons a Lite Loger in Login: No Login:	- Internet Access w run tit - a tame and Passawol for Internet Access. savet 3 Lager" (Disorder, sales 1 for - property property
	Setup Wizard - Check the data support to Connection Numbed Types tittle reasons a Lite Loger in Login: No Login:	- Internet Access y you to:

- 4. On the Internet Access Screen, shown above, select the correct connection type, as used by your ISP. Click "Next" and complete the configuration for your connection method.
  - You need the data supplied by your ISP. Your ISP's data will also have the *DSL Multiplexing Method* (LLC or VC)
  - The common connection types are explained in the following table..

Connection Type	Details	ISP Data required
Dynamic IP Address	Your IP Address is allocated automatically, when you con- nect to you ISP.	Often, none. Some ISP's may require you to use a particular <i>Hostname</i> or <i>Domain</i> name, or MAC (physical) address.
Static (Fixed) IP Address	Your ISP allocates a permanent IP Address to you. Usually, the connection is "Always on".	IP Address allocated to you, and related information, such as Network Mask, Gateway IP address, and DNS address.
PPPoE, PPPoA	You connect to the ISP only when required. The IP address is usually allocated automatical- ly.	<ul> <li>a) User name and password are always required.</li> <li>b) If using a Static (Fixed) IP address, you need the IP address and related information (Network Mask, Gateway IP address, and DNS address)</li> </ul>
IPoA (IP over ATM)	Normally, the connection is "Always on".	IP Address allocated to you, and related information, such as Network Mask, Gateway IP address, and DNS address.

- 5. Step through the Wizard until finished.
- 6. On the final screen of the Wizard, run the test and check that an Internet connection can be established.
- 7. If the connection test fails:
  - Check all connections, and the front panel LEDs.
  - Check that you have entered all data correctly.

# **Home Screen**

After finishing the Setup Wizard, you will see the *Home* screen. When you connect in future, you will see this screen when you connect. An example screen is shown below.

	300Mbps Wireless N ADSL 2/2+ Modem Router TEW-635BRM
Setup Wizard Status	î l
LAN ADSL	
Wireless Modern Status	Negotiating
Speed	0 kbps
Vlode UpStream Connection	0 kbps
Speed	ADSL Details
Internet(VC 1)	
Connection Method:	PPPoE
stration Connection Status:	Idle
Internet IP Address:	
g Out Wan MAC Address:	00:c0:02:ff.ca:e9
Wall MAC Address.	
	Connection Details
LAN	
IP Address:	192.168.10.1
Network Mask:	255.255.255.0
DHCP Server:	On
MAC Address	00:C0:02:FF:CA:E8
Wireless	
SSID1	TEW-653BRM
MAC Address	00:C0:02:FF:CC:E0
S SID2	Guest
MAC Address	00:c0:02:ff:cc:e1
Region	USA
Channel	6
Wireless AP	enable
Broadcast Name	enable
System	
Device Name:	TEW-635BRM
	1.00.00
Firmware Version:	Attached Devices
	Refresh Screen Help
	Copyright © 2009 TRENDnet, All Rights Reserved.

#### Main Menu

The main menu, on the left, contains links to the most-commonly used screen. To see the links to the other available screens, click "Advanced" or "Administration".

The main menu also contains two (2) buttons:

• Log Out - When finished, you should click this button to logout.

#### **Navigation & Data Input**

- Use the menu bar on the left of the screen, and the "Back" button on your Browser, for navigation.
- Changing to another screen without clicking "Save" does NOT save any changes you may have made. You must "Save" before changing screens or your data will be ignored.



On each screen, clicking the "Help" button will display help for that screen.

# LAN Screen

Use the *LAN* link on the main menu to reach the LAN screen. An example screen is shown below.

				300Mbps Wireless N ADSL 2/2+ Modem Router TEW-6350RM				
Setup Wizard	1	-	-	-	-			
LAN								
Wireless	/19							
IP Ad	dress:	192	168	10	1			
Password	et Mask:	255	, 255	255	0			
Mode	Server	🕑 En	able					
Status	IP Address:	192			100			
Finisi	IP Address:	192	168	10	199			
Advanced	e Time:	3	Days					
Administration						Save Cancel Help		

#### Data - LAN Screen

TCP/IP						
IP Address	IP address for the Wireless ADSL Router, as seen from the local LAN. Use the default value unless the address is already in use or your LAN is using a different IP address range. In the latter case, enter an unused IP Address from within the range used by your LAN.					
Subnet Mask	The default value 255.255.255.0 is standard for small (class "C") networks. For other networks, use the Subnet Mask for the LAN segment to which the Wireless ADSL Router is attached (the same value as the PCs on that LAN segment).					
DHCP Server	• If Enabled, the Wireless ADSL Router will allocate IP Addresses to PCs (DHCP clients) on your LAN when they start up. The default (and recommended) value is Enabled.					
	• If you are already using a DHCP Server, this setting must be Disabled, and the existing DHCP server must be re-configured to treat the Wireless ADSL Router as the default Gateway. See the following section for further details.					
	• The <b>Start IP Address</b> , <b>Finish IP Address</b> and <b>Lease Time</b> fields set the values used by the DHCP server when allocating IP Addresses to DHCP clients. This range also determines the number of DHCP clients supported.					
	See the following section for further details on using DHCP.					

# DHCP

## What DHCP Does

A DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) **Server** allocates a valid IP address to a DHCP **Client** (PC or device) upon request.

- The client request is made when the client device starts up (boots).
- The DHCP Server provides the *Gateway* and *DNS* addresses to the client, as well as allocating an IP Address.
- The Wireless ADSL Router can act as a DHCP server.
- Windows 95/98/ME and other non-Server versions of Windows will act as a DHCP client. This is the default Windows setting for the TCP/IP network protocol. However, Windows uses the term *Obtain an IP Address automatically* instead of "DHCP Client".
- You must NOT have two (2) or more DHCP Servers on the same LAN segment. (If your LAN does not have other Routers, this means there must only be one (1) DHCP Server on your LAN.)

## Using the Wireless ADSL Router's DHCP Server

This is the default setting. The DHCP Server settings are on the *LAN* screen. On this screen, you can:

- Enable or Disable the Wireless ADSL Router's DHCP Server function.
- Set the range of IP Addresses allocated to PCs by the DHCP Server function.



You can assign Fixed IP Addresses to some devices while using DHCP, provided that the Fixed IP Addresses are NOT within the range used by the DHCP Server.

## Using another DHCP Server

You can only use one (1) DHCP Server per LAN segment. If you wish to use another DHCP Server, rather than the Wireless ADSL Router's, the following procedure is required.

- Disable the DHCP Server feature in the Wireless ADSL Router. This setting is on the LAN screen.
- Configure the DHCP Server to provide the Wireless ADSL Router's IP Address as the *Default Gateway*.

#### To Configure your PCs to use DHCP

This is the default setting for TCP/IP for all non-Server versions of Windows.

See Chapter 4 - Client Configuration for the procedure to check these settings.

# **Wireless Screen**

The Wireless ADSL Router's settings must match the other Wireless stations.

Note that the Wireless ADSL Router will automatically accept both 802.11b and 802.11g connections, and no configuration is required for this feature.

To change the Wireless ADSL Router's default settings for the Wireless Access Point feature, use the *Wireless* link on the main menu to reach the *Wireless* screen. An example screen is shown below.

ENDNET	300Mbps Wirel	ess N ADSL 2/2+ Modem R TEW-63
Wireless		
Region		
Region:	USA 👻	
Multi SSID		
S SID :	TEW-635BRM -	TENUCOEDON
	SSID1 (Service Set Identifier)	TEW-635BRM
	Isolation Within SSID	
	Security Setting:	
	SSID1 :Disabled	Configure SSID1
Options		
802.11 Mode:	11b+g+n 🔻	
Channel NO.	6 👻	
Extension Channel	. Down channel 👻	
Isolation Between	s sid 🗹	
WMM support		
Bandwidth:	20MHZ only -	
Mac Address Fil	ter	
Allow access by:	ALL Wireless stations	
	Trusted Wireless stations only	
		Set Stations
WiFi Protect Se	tup	
Enable WPS		
AP PIN Code:	39827951	
		Regenerate
Join Wireless Clier	Input Client PIN Code: 12345670	
		OK
WDS Setup		
Enable WDS		
MAC Address List	AP 1:	
	AP 2: AP 3:	
	AP 4;	
		Save Cancel Help

#### **Data - Wireless Screen**

Region	
Region	Select the correct domain for your location. It is your responsibility to ensure:
	• That the Wireless ADSL Router is only used in domains for which is licensed.
	• That you select the correct domain, so that only the legal channels for that domain can be selected.

Multi SSID	
SSID	With Multiple SSIDs, you can have 2 SSIDs on one AP. For example, a Guest SSID without encryption for visitors to have Internet access only, and a Admin SSID with encryption for private use to secure your company resources.
	Select the desired SSID from the list to configure.
SSID 1/2	This is also called the "Network Name".
	• If using an ESS (Extended Service Set, with multiple access points) this ID is called an ESSID (Extended Service Set Identifier).
	• To communicate, all Wireless stations should use the same SSID/ESSID.
Broadcast SSID	If enabled, the Wireless ADSL Router will broadcast its SSID. This allows PCs and other wireless stations to detect this Access Point and use the correct SSID.
	If disabled, PC users will have to manually enter the SSID and other details of the wireless interface before they can connect to this Access Point.
Isolation within SSID	If Enabled, devices that have the same SSID will not be able to see each other.
Security Setting	The current Wireless security is displayed. The default value is Dis- abled.
Configure SSID 1/2 Button	Click this button to access the Wireless security sub-screen, and view or change the settings. See the following section for details.
Options	
802.11 Mode	Select the desired mode:
	• Off - Wireless is disabled.
	• <b>B</b> only - Only 802.11b connections are available. 802.11g Wireless Stations will only be able to use the Wireless Router if they are fully backward-compatible with the 802.11b standard.
	• <b>G only</b> - Only 802.11g Wireless stations can use the Wireless Router.
	• <b>11b/g/n</b> - 802.11.g, 802.11b and 802.11n Wireless stations can use the Wireless Broadband Router.
Channel NO.	Select the Channel you wish to use on your Wireless LAN.
	• If you experience interference (shown by lost connections and/or slow data transfers) you may need to experiment with different channels to see which is the best.
	slow data transfers) you may need to experiment with different
Isolation between SSID	<ul><li>slow data transfers) you may need to experiment with different channels to see which is the best.</li><li>If using multiple Access Points, adjacent Access Points should use</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>slow data transfers) you may need to experiment with different channels to see which is the best.</li> <li>If using multiple Access Points, adjacent Access Points should use different Channels to reduce interference.</li> <li>If Enabled, devices that have the different SSIDs will not be able to</li> </ul>

MAC Address Fi	lter
Allow access by	<ul> <li>Use this feature to determine which Wireless stations can use the Access Point. The options are:</li> <li>All Wireless Stations - All wireless stations can use the access point, provided they have the correct SSID and security settings.</li> <li>Trusted Wireless stations only - Only wireless stations you designate as "Trusted" can use the Access Point, even if they have the correct SSID and security settings. This feature uses the MAC address to identify Wireless stations. The MAC address is a low-level network identifier which is unique to each PC or network device. To define the trusted wireless stations, use the "Set Stations" button.</li> </ul>
Set Stations Button	Click this button to manage the trusted PC database.
WiFi Protect Set	up
Enable WPS	Enable this if you want to use Wireless WPS function.
AP PIN Code	Use the default displayed value or click the <i>Regenerate</i> button to have the new pin code in the field.
Input Client PIN Code	Enter the client's PIN code in the field and click <i>OK</i> to add the client device.
WDS	
Enable WDS	This feature allows you to make a completely wireless network by using multiple access points without connecting them with a wire LAN. In order to make the WDS working successfully, the access point must use the same channel, SSID, as well as the wireless encryption method.
MAC Address List	Enter the MAC address(es) of the AP(s) into the fields to allow the following access points to be connected to the wireless router.

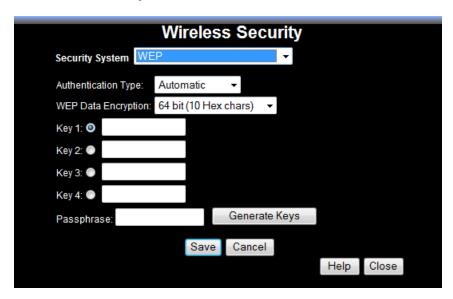
# **Wireless Security**

This screen is accessed by clicking the "Configure SSID" button on the *Wireless* screen. There are 6 options for Wireless security:

- **Disabled** no data encryption is used.
- WEP data is encrypted using the WEP standard.
- **WPA-PSK** data is encrypted using the WPA-PSK standard. This is a later standard than WEP, and provides much better security than WEP. If all your Wireless stations support WPA-PSK, you should use WPA-PSK rather than WEP.
- **WPA2-PSK** This is a further development of WPA-PSK, and offers even greater security, using the AES (Advanced Encryption Standard) method of encryption.
- WPA-PSK and WPA2-PSK This method, sometimes called "Mixed Mode", allows clients to use EITHER WPA-PSK OR WPA2-PSK.
- **802.1x** This uses the 802.1x standard for client authentication, and WEP for data encryption.

If this option is selected:

- This Access Point must have a "client login" on the Radius Server.
- Each user must have a "user login" on the Radius Server.
- Each user's wireless client must support 802.1x and provide the login data when required.
- All data transmission is encrypted using the WEP standard. You only have to select the WEP key size; the WEP key is automatically generated.



## **WEP Wireless Security**

#### Data - WEP Screen

#### WEP Data Encryption

Authentication Type	Normally, this should be left at the default value of "Automatic". If changed to "Open System" or "Shared Key", ensure that your Wireless Stations use the same setting.
WEP Data	Select the desired option, and ensure the Wireless Stations use the

Encryption	same setting.				
	• <b>64 Bit</b> - data is encrypted, using the default key, before being transmitted. You must enter at least the default key. For 64 Bit Encryption, the key size is 10 chars in HEX (0~9 and A~F).				
	• <b>128 Bit</b> - data is encrypted, using the default key, before being transmitted. You must enter at least the default key. For 128 Bit Encryption, the key size is 26 chars in HEX (0~9 and A~F).				
Default Key	Select the key you wish to be the default. Transmitted data is ALWAYS encrypted using the Default Key; the other Keys are for decryption only.				
	You must enter a <b>Key Value</b> for the <b>Default Key</b> .				
Key Value	Enter the key value or values you wish to use. The <b>Default Key</b> is required, the other keys are optional. Other stations must have the same key.				
Passphrase	If desired, you can generate a key from a phrase, instead of entering the key value directly. Enter the desired phrase, and click the "Gener- ate Keys" button.				

# WPA-PSK Wireless Security

Wireless Security							
Security System WF	PA-PSK		<b>-</b>				
PSK:							
Encryption: TKIP -							
	Save	Cancel					
			He	elp	Close		

## Data - WPA-PSK Screen

Security	WPA-PSK				
System	Like WEP, data is encrypted before transmission. WPA is more secure than WEP, and should be used if possible. WPA-PSK is the version of WPA, which does NOT require a Radius Server on your LAN.				
PSK	Enter the PSK (network key). Data is encrypted using a key derive from the network key. Other Wireless Stations must use the same network key. The PSK must be from 8 to 63 characters in length.				
WPA Encryption	The WPA-PSK standard allows different encryption methods to be used. Select the desired option. Wireless Stations must use the same encryption method.				

## Security Settings - WPA2-PSK

This is a further development of WPA-PSK, and offers even greater security, using the AES (Advanced Encryption Standard) method of encryption.

Wireless Security							
Security System	WPA2-PSK		•				
PSK:							
Encryption: AES	-						
	Save	Cancel					
				Help	Close		

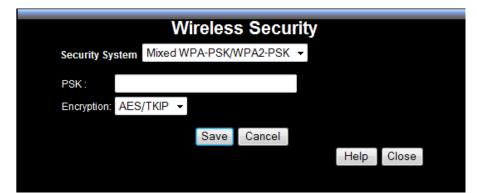
Figure 1: WPA2-PSK Wireless Security Screen

Data -	WPA2-PSK Screen
--------	-----------------

WPA2-PSK	
PSK	Enter the key value. Data is encrypted using a 256Bit key derived from this key. Other Wireless Stations must use the same key.
Encryption	The WPA2-PSK standard allows different encryption methods to be used. Select the desired option. Wireless Stations must use the same encryption method.

## Security Settings - Mixed WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK

This method, sometimes called "Mixed Mode", allows clients to use EITHER WPA-PSK OR WPA2-PSK.



Data - WPA2-PSK Screen

WPA2-PSK	
PSK	Enter the key value. Data is encrypted using a 256Bit key derived from this key. Other Wireless Stations must use the same key.
Encryption	This standard allows different encryption methods to be used. Select the desired option. Wireless Stations must use the same encryption method.

## Security Settings - 802.1x

This uses the 802.1x standard for client authentication, and WEP for data encryption. If this option is selected:

- This Access Point must have a "client login" on the Radius Server.
- Each user must have a "user login" on the Radius Server. Normally, a Certificate is used to authenticate each user. See Chapter4 for details of user configuration.
- Each user's wireless client must support 802.1x.
- All data transmission is encrypted using the WEP standard. You only have to select the WEP key size; the WEP key is automatically generated.

	Wi	reles	s Secı	ırity			
Security System	WPA-802	.1x		•			
Server Address:							
Radius Port:	1812						
Shared Key :							
Encryption:	TKIP						
		Save	Cancel				
					Help	Close	

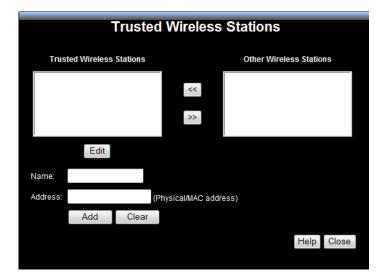
#### Data - 802.1x Screen

Server Address	Enter the server address here.	
Radius Port	Enter the port number used for connections to the Radius Server.	
Shared Key	Enter the shared key. Data is encrypted using a key derived from the network key. Other Wireless Stations must use the same key. The key must be from 8 to 63 characters in length.	
Encryption	The encryption method is TKIP. Wireless Stations must also use TKIP.	

# **Trusted Wireless Stations**

This feature can be used to prevent unknown Wireless stations from using the Access Point. This list has no effect unless the setting *Allow access by trusted stations only* is enabled.

To change the list of trusted wireless stations, use the *Modify List* button on the *Access Control* screen. You will see a screen like the sample below.



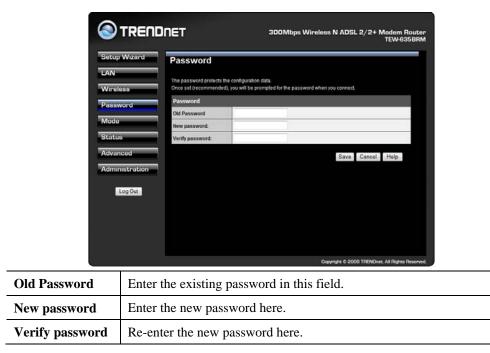
#### **Data - Trusted Wireless Stations**

Trusted Wireless Stations	This lists any Wireless Stations which you have designated as "Trusted".	
Other Wireless Stations	This list any Wireless Stations detected by the Access Point, which you have not designated as "Trusted".	
Name	The name assigned to the Trusted Wireless Station. Use this when adding or editing a Trusted Station.	
Address	The MAC (physical) address of the Trusted Wireless Station. Use this when adding or editing a Trusted Station.	
Buttons		
<<	Add a Trusted Wireless Station to the list (move from the "Other Stations" list).	
	• Select an entry (or entries) in the "Other Stations" list, and click the " << " button.	
	• Enter the Address (MAC or physical address) of the wireless station, and click the "Add " button.	
>>	Delete a Trusted Wireless Station from the list (move to the "Other Stations" list).	
	• Select an entry (or entries) in the "Trusted Stations" list.	
	• Click the ">> " button.	

Edit	Use this to change an existing entry in the "Trusted Stations" list: 1. Select the Station in the <i>Trusted Station</i> list.		
	2. Click the <i>Edit</i> button. The address will be copied to the "Address" field, and the <i>Add</i> button will change to <i>Update</i> .		
	3. Edit the address (MAC or physical address) as required.		
	4. Click <i>Update</i> to save your changes.		
Add (Update)	To add a Trusted Station which is not in the "Other Wireless Stations" list, enter the required data and click this button.		
	When editing an existing Wireless Station, this button will change from <i>Add</i> to <i>Update</i> .		
Clear	Clear the Name and Address fields.		

## **Password Screen**

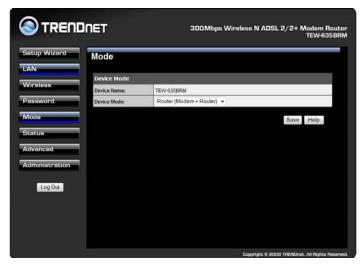
The password screen allows you to assign a password to the Wireless ADSL Router.



You will be prompted for the password when you re-connect. The "User Name" is always admin and enter the new password applied.

# **Mode Screen**

Use this screen to change the mode between Router mode and Modem (Bridge) mode.



Select the desired option, and click "Save".

Router	Both the ADSL Modem and the Router features are operational. In this mode, this device can provide shared Internet Access to all your LAN users. Also, by default, it acts a DHCP Server, providing an IP address and related information to all Wireless and LAN users.
Modem	<ul> <li>Only the ADSL Modem component is operational.</li> <li>All Router features are disabled. This device is "transparent" - it does not perform any operations or make any changes to the network traffic passing through it.</li> <li>You need to have a DHCP Server on your LAN to provide IP addresses to the Wireless clients using this Access Point.</li> <li>All traffic received on either the Wireless or LAN interface will be sent over the ADSL connection.</li> </ul>

#### Notes:

- Generally, you should NOT use modem mode. Only select this mode if you are sure this is what you want.
- After changing the mode, this device will restart, which will take a few seconds. The menu will also be changed, depending on the mode you are in.
- The Wireless Access Point can function in either Router or Modem mode. But generally it is not a good idea to combine a Modem with an Access Point, because all data received from the wireless stations will be sent over the modem connection. (Since the modem is transparent, it does not examine the traffic to determine whether the traffic is for the LAN or the WAN.)
- For details on using Modem Mode, see Chapter 8.

# **Operation and Status**

# **Operation - Router Mode**

#### Once both the Wireless ADSL Router and the PCs are configured, operation is automatic.

However, there are some situations where additional Internet configuration may be required. Refer to *Chapter 6 - Advanced Features* for further details.

## **Status Screen**

Use the Status link on the main menu to view this screen.

	300Mbps Wireless N ADSL 2/2+ Modem Router TEW-6358RM
Setup Wizard Status	Î
LAN	
Wireless Modern Status	Negotiating
Password Down Stream Connect	
Mode Up Stream Connection Status	a O Kops E ADSL Details
Advanced Internet(VC 1)	
Connection Method:	PPPoE
Administration Connection Status:	Idle
Internet IP Address:	
Log Out Wan MAC Address:	00:c0:02:ff:ca:e9
	Connection Details
LAN	
IP Address:	192.168.10.1
Network Mask:	255 255 255 0
DHCP Server:	On
MAC Address	00.C0.02:FF:CA:E8
Wireless	
SSID1	TEW-635BRM
MAC Address	00:C0:02:FF:CA:E8
SSID2	TEW-657_1
MAC Address	00:c0:02:ff:ca:e9
Region	-
Channel	6
Wireless AP	enable
Broadcast Name	enable
System	
Device Name:	TEW-635BRM
Firmware Version:	1.00.00 Attached Devices
	Refresh Screen Help
	Copyright © 2009 TRENDnet. All Rights Reserved.

#### Data - Status Screen

Modem Status	This indicates the status of the ADSL modem component.
DownStream Connection Speed	Displays the speed for the DownStream Connection.

UpStream Connection Speed	If connected, displays the speed for the Up Stream (upload) ADSL Connection.		
Internet			
Connection Method	Displays the current connection method, as set in the <i>Setup Wizard</i> .		
<b>Connection Status</b>	This indicates the current status of the Internet Connection		
	Active - Connection exists		
	• <b>Idle</b> - No current connection, but no error has been detected. This condition normally arises when an idle connection is automatically terminated.		
	• <b>Failed</b> - The connection was terminated abnormally. This could be caused by Modem failure, or the loss of the connection to the ISP's server.		
	If there is an error, you can click the "Connection Details" button to find out more information.		
Internet IP Address	This IP Address is allocated by the ISP (Internet Service Provid- er). If using a dynamic IP address, and no connection currently exists, this information is unavailable.		
WAN MAC Address	It displays the MAC address for the WAN.		
Connection Details	Click this button to open a sub-window and view a detailed description of the current connection. Depending on the type of connection, a "log" may also be available.		
LAN			
IP Address	The IP Address of the Wireless ADSL Router.		
Network Mask	The Network Mask (Subnet Mask) for the IP Address above.		
DHCP Server	This shows the status of the DHCP Server function. The value will be "Enabled" or "Disabled".		
MAC Address	This shows the MAC Address for the Wireless ADSL Router, as seen on the LAN interface.		
Wireless			
SSID 1	It displays the name of the SSID 1.		
MAC Address	It displays the MAC address of the SSID 1.		
SSID 2	It displays the name of the SSID 2.		
MAC Address	It displays the MAC address of the SSID 2.		
Region	The current region, as set on the Wireless screen.		
Channel	This shows the Channel currently used, as set on the Wireless screen.		
Wireless AP	This indicates whether or not the Wireless Access Point feature is enabled.		
Broadcast Name	This indicates whether or not the SSID is Broadcast. This setting is on the Wireless screen.		

System	
Device Name	The current name of the Router. This name is also the "hostname" for users with an "@Home" type connection.
Firmware Version	The version of the current firmware installed.
Buttons	
<b>Connection Details</b>	Click this button to open a sub-window and view a detailed description of the current connection.
Attached Devices	This will open a sub-window, showing all LAN and Wireless devices currently on the network.
Refresh Screen	Update the data displayed on screen.

## **Connection Status - PPPoE & PPPoA**

If using PPPoE (PPP over Ethernet) or PPPoA (PPP over ATM), a screen like the following example will be displayed when the "Connection Details" button is clicked.

Connection Status				
PPPoE / PPPoA				
Connection Time	00:00:46			
Connection to Server	Connected			
Negotiation	Success			
Authentication	Success			
IP Address	68.167.159.22			
Network Mask	255.255.25	5.255		
DNS Server	64.105.132.251 64.105.172.27			
			_	
	Connect	Disconnect		
			Close	Help
			5.500	

#### Data - PPPoE/PPPoA Screen

Connection Time	This indicates how long the current connection has been estab- lished.	
<b>PPPoE Link Status</b>	This indicates whether or not the connection is currently estab- lished.	
	• If the connection does not exist, the "Connect" button can be used to establish a connection.	
	• If the connection currently exists, the "Disconnect" button can be used to break the connection.	
Negotiation	This indicates the status of the PPPoE Server login.	
IP Address	The IP Address of this device, as seen by Internet users. This address is allocated by your ISP (Internet Service Provider).	
Network Mask	The Network Mask associated with the IP Address above.	
Buttons		
Connect	If not connected, establish a connection to your ISP.	
Disconnect	If connected to your ISP, hang up the connection.	
Close	Close this window.	

# **Connection Details - Dynamic IP Address**

If your access method is "Direct" (no login), with a Dynamic IP address, a screen like the following example will be displayed when the "Connection Details" button is clicked.

C	onnectio	on Deta	ails	
Dynamic IP Address				
IP Address			-	
Subnet Mask			-	
Default Gateway			-	
DNS Server			-	
DHCP Server			-	
		Lease C	Obtained:	
		Lease	Expires: -	
	Release	Renew		
			Help	Close

## Data - Dynamic IP address

Internet	
IP Address	The current IP Address of this device, as seen by Internet users. This address is allocated by your ISP (Internet Service Provider).
Network Mask	The Network Mask associated with the IP Address above.
Default Gateway	The IP address of the remote Gateway or Router associated with the IP Address above.
<b>DHCP Server</b>	The IP address of your ISP's DHCP Server.
DNS Server	The IP address of the Domain Name Server which is currently used.
Lease Obtained Lease Expires	This indicates when the current IP address was obtained, and how long before this IP address allocation (the DCHP lease) expires.
Buttons	
Release	If an IP Address has been allocated to the Wireless ADSL Router (by the ISP's DHCP Server, clicking the "Release" button will break the connection and release the IP Address.
Renew	If the ISP's DHCP Server has NOT allocated an IP Address for the Wireless ADSL Router, clicking the "Renew" button will attempt to re-establish the connection and obtain an IP Address from the ISP's DHCP Server.
Close	Close this window.

# **Connection Details - Fixed IP Address**

If your access method is "Direct" (no login), with a fixed IP address, a screen like the following example will be displayed when the "Connection Details" button is clicked.

Conne	ection Status
Fixed IP Address	
IP Address	12.23.78.10
Subnet Mask	255.255.0.0
Default Gateway	12.23.18.1
DNS Server	64.105.132.251 64.105.172.27
Clo	ose Help
Cld	ose Help

## Data - Fixed IP address Screen

Internet	
IP Address	The IP Address of this device, as seen by Internet users. This address is allocated by your ISP (Internet Service Provider).
Network Mask	The Network Mask associated with the IP Address above.
Default Gateway	The IP Address of the remote Gateway or Router associated with the IP Address above.
DNS Server	The IP Address of the Domain Name Server which is currently used.

# **Advanced Features**

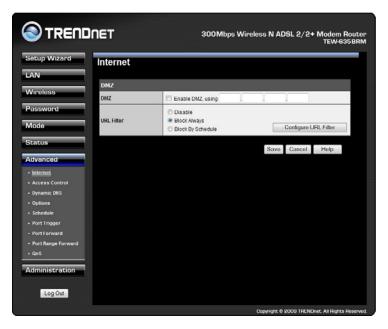
## Overview

The following advanced features are provided:

- Internet:
  - DMZ
  - URL filter
- Access Control
- Dynamic DNS
- Options
- Schedule
- Port Trigger
- Port Forward
- Port Range Forward
- QoS

## Internet

This screen provides access to the DMZ and URL Filter features.



#### DMZ

This feature, if enabled, allows the DMZ computer on your LAN to be exposed to all users on the Internet.

• This allows almost any application to be used on the "DMZ PC".

- The "DMZ PC" will receive all "Unknown" connections and data.
- If the DMZ feature is enabled, you must enter the IP address of the PC to be used as the "DMZ PC".



The "DMZ PC" is effectively outside the Firewall, making it more vulnerable to attacks. For this reason, you should only enable the DMZ feature when required.

## **URL Filter**

If you want to limit access to certain sites on the Internet, you can use this feature. The URL filter will check each Web site access. If the address, or part of the address, is included in the block site list, access will be denied.

On the Advanced Internet screen, select the desired setting:

- **Disable** disable this feature.
- Block Always allow blocking all of the time, independent of the *Schedule* page.
- Block By Schedule block according to the settings on the *Schedule* page.

Click the **Configure URL Filter** button to open the URL Filter screen, allowing you to create or modify the filter strings which determine which sites will be blocked.

The *URL Filter* screen is displayed when the **Configure URL Filter** button on the *Internet* screen is clicked.

URL Filter					
When enabled, a req requested URL.	uest is blocked if	any of thes	e entries occur	in the	
	Current Fi	lter Strings			
	Delete	Delete All			
Add Filter Strin	g:			Add	
Filter	Strings should b	e as specifi	c as possible.		
Trusted PC					
Allow this PC to V	isit Blocked Sites				
Trusted PC:					
	Save	Cancel			
			Help	Close	
			, vieib	0.036	

Data -	URL	Filter	Screen
--------	-----	--------	--------

Current Filter Strings		
<b>Current Filter</b>	The list contains the current list of items to block.	
Strings	• To add to the list, use the "Add" option below.	
	• To delete an entry, select it and click <b>Delete</b> button.	
	• To delete all entries, click the <b>Delete All</b> button.	

Add Filter String	To add to the current list, type the word or domain name you want to block into the field provided, then click the <b>Add</b> button.	
	Filter strings should be as specific as possible. Otherwise, you may block access to many more sites than intended.	
Trusted PC		
Allow this PC	Enable this to allow one computer to have unrestricted access to the Internet. For this PC, the URL filter will be ignored.	
	If enabled, you must select the PC to be the trusted PC.	
<b>Trusted PC</b>	Select the PC to be the Trusted PC.	

# **Access Control**

This feature is accessed by the Access Control link on the Advanced menu.

## Overview

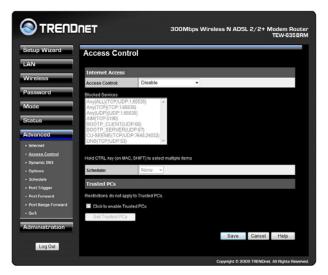
The Access Control feature allows administrators to restrict the level of Internet Access available to PCs on your LAN. With the default settings, everyone has unrestricted Internet access.



Restrictions are imposed by blocking "Services", or types of connections. All common Services are pre-defined. If required, you can also define your own Services.

## **Access Control Screen**

To view this screen, select the Access Control link on the Advanced menu.



#### **Data - Access Control Screen**

Internet Access	
Access Control	Select the desired options for the current group:
	• <b>Disable</b> - Nothing is blocked. Use this to create the least restrictive group.
	• <b>Block all Internet access</b> - All traffic via the WAN port is blocked. Use this to create the most restrictive group.
	• <b>Block selected Services</b> - You can select which Services are to block. Use this to gain fine control over the Internet access for a group.

Blocked Services	This lists all defined Services. Select the Services you wish to block. To select multiple services, hold the CTRL key while selecting. (On the Macintosh, hold the SHIFT key rather than CTRL.)
Schedule	If Internet access is being blocked, you can choose to apply the blocking only during scheduled times. (If access is not blocked, no Scheduling is possible, and this setting has no effect.)
Trusted PCs	
Click to Enable Trusted PC	If enabled, restrictions set on this screen do not apply to Trusted PCs.
"Set Trusted PCs"	Click this button to add or remove PCs of the Trusted PCs.
Button	See the following section for details of the <i>Trusted PCs</i> screen.

## **Trusted PC Screen**

This screen is displayed when the *Set Trusted PCs* button on the *Access Control* screen is clicked.

Tru	sted PCs				
Trusted PCs	Del >> TEW-	Other P PC-PC 00:16:36:f			
			Help	Close	

Use this screen to add or remove PCs from the current group.

- The "Del >>" button will remove the selected PC (in the *Trusted PCs* list) from the current group.
- The "<< Add" button will add the selected PC (in the *Other PCs* list) to the Trusted PCs group.

# Dynamic DNS (Domain Name Server)

This free service is very useful when combined with the *Virtual Server* feature. It allows Internet users to connect to your Virtual Servers using a URL, rather than an IP Address.

This also solves the problem of having a dynamic IP address. With a dynamic IP address, your IP address may change whenever you connect, which makes it difficult to connect to you.

#### **DDNS Services work as follows:**

- 1. You must register for the service at one of the listed DDNS Service providers.
- 2. After registration, use the Service provider's normal procedure to obtain your desired Domain name.
- 3. Enter your DDNS data on the Wireless ADSL Router's DDNS screen, and enable the DDNS feature.
- 4. The Wireless ADSL Router will then automatically ensure that your current IP Address is recorded at the DDNS service provider's Domain Name Server.
- 5. From the Internet, users will be able to connect to your Virtual Servers (or DMZ PC) using your Domain name, as shown on this screen.

## **Dynamic DNS Screen**

Select Advanced on the main menu, then Dynamic DNS, to see a screen like the following:

I TREND	NET	300Mbps Wireless N ADSL 2/2+ Modem Router TEW-635BRM
Setup Wizard	DDNS	
LAN		
Wireless	DDNS Service	
Password	Use a Dynamic DNS Service	Enable
	Service Provider	DynDNS.org (Dynamic)  Web Site
Mode	DDNS Data	
Status	Host Name	
Advanced	User Name	
Internet	Password	
Access Control	DON'S Status:	Refresh
Dynamic DNS     Options		Save Cancel Help
Schedule		
Port Trigger		
Port Forward		
<ul> <li>Port Range Forward</li> <li>QoS</li> </ul>		
Administration		
Log Out		
		Copyright © 2009 TRENDnet. All Rights Reserved.

#### Data - Dynamic DNS Screen

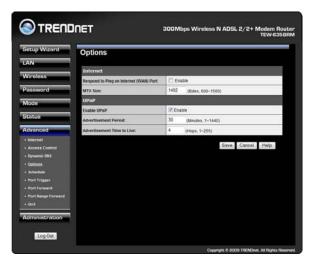
DDNS Service	
Use a Dynamic DNS Service	Use this to enable or disable the DDNS feature as required.
Service Provider	Select the desired DDNS Service provider.
Web Site	Click this button to open a new window and connect to the Web site of the selected DDNS service provider.
DDNS Data	
Host Name	Enter the domain name allocated to you by the DDNS Service. If you have more than one name, enter the name you wish to use.

User Name	Enter your Username for the DDNS Service. (TZO.com uses your E- mail address.)
Password	Enter your current password for the DDNS Service. (TZO.com calls this a key.)
DDNS Status	<ul> <li>This message is returned by the DDNS Server.</li> <li>Normally, this message should be "Update successful"</li> <li>If the message indicates some problem, you need to connect to the DDNS Service provider and correct this problem.</li> </ul>

# Options

This screen allows advanced users to enter or change a number of settings. For normal operation, there is no need to use this screen or change any settings.

An example *Options* screen is shown below.



## **Data - Options Screen**

Internet	
Respond to Ping	• If checked, the Wireless Router will respond to Ping (ICMP) packets received from the Internet.
	• If not checked, Ping (ICMP) packets from the Internet will be ignored. Disabling this option provides a slight increase in security.
MTU Size	Enter a value between 600 and 3000.
	<b>Note:</b> MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit) size should only be changed if advised to do so by Technical Support.
UPnP	
UPnP	• UPnP (Universal Plug and Play) allows automatic discovery and configuration of equipment attached to your LAN. UPnP is by supported Windows ME, XP, or later.
	• If Enabled, this device will be visible via UPnP.
	• If Disabled, this device will not be visible via UPnP.
Advertisement Period	Enter the desired value, in minutes. The valid range is from 1 to 1440.
Advertisement Time to Live	Enter the desired value, in hops. The valid range is from 1 to 255.

# Schedule

This Schedule can be used for the Firewall Rules and the URL filter.

up Wizard Schedule									
Schedule	Use 24 hour o				to 24:00 ds left 00				
sword	Day			sion 1				ision 2	
0		_	Start	Finist			Start	Finis	
us	Monday	00	:00	12	:00	12	:00	24	:00
inced	Tuesday	00	:00	12	00	12	00	24	:00
rnet	Wednesday	00	:00	12	:00	12	00	24	:00
ess Control	Thursday	00	:00	12	: 00	12	:00	24	:00
amic DNS	Friday	00	:00	12	:00	12	:00	24	:00
ons	Saturday	00	00	12	00	12	00	24	00
rdule Trigger	Sunday	00	00	12	00	12	00	24	00
Forward Local Time	Time Zone: (				me(US.	Canada	): Tijuan:		-
Range Forward	Adjust for		-	Time					
	Use this h	ITP Set	ver						
nistration	Current Time	2000	-01-01 00	0.31.38	Weekda	y Saturd	lay		
							e Car		Help

## Data - Schedule Screen

Schedule	
Day	Each day of the week can scheduled independently.
Session 1 Session 2	Two (2) separate sessions or periods can be defined. Session 2 can be left blank if not required.
Start	Enter the start using a 24 hr clock.
Finish	Enter the finish time using a 24 hr clock.
Local Time	
Time Zone	In order to display your local time correctly, you must select your "Time Zone" from the list.
Adjust for Day- light Savings Time	If your region uses Daylight Savings Time, you must manually check "Adjust for Daylight Savings Time" at the beginning of the adjustment period, and uncheck it at the end of the Daylight Savings period.
Use this NTP Server	If you prefer to use a particular NTP server as the primary NTP server, check the checkbox "Use this NTP Server" and enter the Server's IP address in the fields provided.
	If this setting is not enabled, the default NTP Servers are used.
Current Time	This displays the current time on the Wireless ADSL Router, at the time the page is loaded.

# Port Trigger

If you use Internet applications which use non-standard connections or port numbers, you may find that they do not function correctly because they are blocked by the Wireless ADSL Router's firewall. In this case, you can define the application as a "Port Trigger".

The *Port Trigger* screen can be reached by clicking the *Port Trigger* on the screen.

You can then define your Port Trigger. You will need detailed information about the application; this is normally available from the supplier of the application.

Also, note that the terms "Incoming" and "Outgoing" on this screen refer to traffic from the client (PC) viewpoint

Setup Wizard	Port Tr	igger							
LAN									
Wireless			O	utgoing Por	ts	Inc	coming Po	rts	
	Enable	Name	Туре	Start	Finish	Туре	Start	Finish	
Password	1. 🖂		TCP ·			TCP ·			
Mode	2. 🖂		TCP -			TCP -			
itatus	3. 🖂 🗍		TCP -			TCP ·			
Advanced	4. 🖽		TCP ·			TCP ·			
Internet	5. 🖂 🗍		TCP -			TCP ·			
Access Control	6. [7]		TCP -			TCP +			
Dynamic DNS	7. [2]		TCP ·			TCP .			
Options									
Schedule	8. 🖾		TCP -			TCP -			
Port Trigger	9. 🖂 🗍		TCP •			TCP -			
Port Forward Port Range Forward	10.		TCP .			TCP .			
QoS	11. 🖂		TCP .			TCP .			
dministration	12. 🖂		TCP -			TCP ·		_	

#### Data - Port Trigger Screen

Port Trigger	
Enable	Use this to Enable or Disable this Special Application as required.
Name	Enter a descriptive name to identify this Special Application.
Outgoing Ports	• <b>Type</b> - Select the protocol (TCP or UDP) used when you send data to the remote system or service.
	• <b>Start</b> - Enter the beginning of the range of port numbers used by the application server, for data you send to it. If the applica- tion uses a single port number, enter it in both the "Start" and "Finish" fields.
	• <b>Finish</b> - Enter the end of the range of port numbers used by the application server, for data you send to it. If the application uses a single port number, enter it in both the "Start" and "Finish" fields.

Incoming Ports	•	<b>Type</b> - Select the protocol (TCP or UDP) used when you receive data from the special application or service. (Note: Some applications use different protocols for outgoing and incoming data).
	•	<b>Start</b> - Enter the beginning of the range of port numbers used by the application server, for data you receive. If the applica- tion uses a single port number, enter it in both the "Start" and "Finish" fields.
	•	<b>Finish</b> - Enter the end of the range of port numbers used by the application server, for data you receive.

## **Port Forward**

This feature allows you to make Servers on your LAN accessible to Internet users. Normally, Internet users would not be able to access a server on your LAN because:

- Your Server does not have a valid external IP Address.
- Attempts to connect to devices on your LAN are blocked by the firewall in this device.

etup Wizard	Single Port Forwarding								
AN									
lireless	Application	External Port	Internal Port	Protocol	IP Address	Enabled			
sword				TCP .	192.168.10.				
le				TCP -	192.168.10.	10			
itus	( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( )			TCP -	192 168 10	13			
				TCP +	192.168.10	13			
anced				TCP .	192 158 10	12			
ernet				TCP .	192.168.10.				
ess Control									
imic DNS	L			TCP .	192.168.10.				
na dule				TCP .	192.168.10.	12			
Trigger				TCP .	192.168.10.	13			
Forward	-	-		TCP .	192.168.10.	13			
t Range Forward				TCP .	192.168.10.	10			
5			-	TCP .		-			
ninistration					192.168.10.				
				TCP +	192.168.10.	12			

## Data - Single Port Forwarding Screen

Tortrorwarding			
Application	Enter the desired application type.		
External Port	Traffic from the Internet using this port number will be sent to the Server. This is normally the same as the Internal Port Number. If it is different, this device will perform a "mapping" or "translation" function, allowing the server to use a different port to the clients.		
Internal Port	Enter the port numbers which the Server software is configured to use.		
Protocol	Select the protocol (TCP or UDP) used by the Server.		
IP Address	Enter the desired IP address.		
Enabled	Use this to Enable or Disable support for this Server, as required.		

# **Port Range Forward**

This feature allows you to make Servers on your LAN accessible to Internet users. Normally, Internet users would not be able to access a server on your LAN because:

tup Wizard	Port Rang	e Forw	rarding			
reless	Application	Start	End	Protocol	IP Address	Enable
				TCP -	192.168.10.	
sword				TCP -	192.168.10.	10
				TCP -	192.168.10.	
5				TCP .	192.168.10.	
nced				TCP .	192.168.10.	
et				TCP -	192.168.10.	
is Control				TCP .	192 168 10	12
nic DNS						
	L			TCP -	192.168.10.	
ule				TCP -	192.168.10.	
igger				TCP +	192 168 10	E FI
rward nge Forward		-			102.100.10.	_
angetterware					Save	Cancel Help
					Save	Cancel Hel
stration						

## Data - Port Range Forwarding Screen

Port Range Forwarding		
Application	Enter the desired application type.	
Start	Enter the beginning of the range of port numbers used by the application server.	
End	Enter the end of the range of port numbers used by the application server.	
Protocol	Select the protocol (TCP, UDP or Both) used by the Server.	
IP Address	Enter the desired IP address.	
Enable	Use this to Enable or Disable support for this Server, as required.	

## QoS

The QoS (Quality of Service) feature allows you specify priorities for different traffic. Lower priority traffic will be slowed down to allow greater throughput or less delay for high priority traffic.

An example *QoS* screen is shown below.

	NET	31	DOMbps Wireless N Al	DSL 2/2+ Modem Router TEW-635BRM
Setup Wizard	QOS			
LAN				
Wireless	Qos Setting	C Enabled O Dis	abled	
vvireless	Wan Setting	Downlink: 0	kbps Uplink:	kbps Get from WAN
Password	Category	Select	*	
Mode				
Status				
Advanced	Summary	Priority Name	,	Information
Internet				
Access Control				
Dynamic DNS				
- Options				
Schedule				
Port Trigger				
Port Forward				
Port Range Forward     QoS				
+ 403				
Administration				
Log Out				
and our	*[			· · · · ·
			Copyright @	2009 TRENDnet. All Rights Reserved.

#### Data - QoS Screen

QoS Setting	
QoS Setting	To disable QoS (Quality of Service), keep the default setting, Disable. To enable QoS (Quality of Service), click Enable and follow these instructions.
WAN Setting	
Downlink	Enter the desired value for the DownStream Connection.
Uplink	Enter the desired value for the UpStream Connection.
Get from WAN	Click this button to get the values for DownStream and UpStream from WAN.

Category	Normal-Applications:	
caregory	• Add a New Application (Once selected, please complete the following setups.)	
	• Ip/Net: Enter the IP addresses.	
	• Outbound Rate: Enter the desired rate value.	
	• Inbound Rate: Enter the desired rate value.	
	• Priority: Select the desired option (High, Normal, Low)	
	• Self-Define	
	• Name. Enter a name for your device.	
	• Port Range: Enter the values for the desired port range.	
	• Protocol: Select the desired option.	
	• Ip/Net: Enter the IP addresses of your device.	
	• Outbound Rate: Enter the desired rate value.	
	• Inbound Rate: Enter the desired rate value.	
	• Priority: Select the option (High, Normal, Low) from the list.	
	• Special-Applications:	
	• Add a New Application (Once selected, please complete the following setups.)	
	• Ip/Net: Enter the IP addresses.	
	• Outbound Rate: Enter the desired rate value.	
	• Inbound Rate: Enter the desired rate value.	
	• Priority: Select the desired option (High, Normal, Low)	
Summary	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Priority	The priority of the application.	
Name	The Name of this Application or IP Address.	

Information The	ne general Information of this Application or IP Address.
---	---

# Advanced Administration

#### Overview

Normally, it is not necessary to use these screens, or change any settings. These screens and settings are provided to deal with non-standard situations, or to provide additional options for advanced users.

The available settings and features are:

PC Database	This is the list of PCs shown when you select the "DMZ PC" or a "Virtual Server". This database is maintained automatically, but you can add and delete entries for PCs which use a Fixed (Static) IP Address.
Config File	Backup or restore the configuration file for the Wireless ADSL Router. This file contains all the configuration data.
Logs & Email	View or clear all logs, set E-Mailing of log files and alerts.
Diagnostics	Perform a Ping or DNS Lookup.
Remote Admin	Allow settings to be changed from the Internet.
Routing	Only required if your LAN has other Routers or Gateways.
Upgrade Firmware	Upgrade the Firmware (software) installed in your Wireless ADSL Router.
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#### **PC** Database

The PC Database is used whenever you need to select a PC (e.g. for the "DMZ" PC).

- It eliminates the need to enter IP addresses.
- Also, you do not need to use fixed IP addresses on your LAN.

However, if you do use a fixed IP address on some devices on your LAN, you should enter details of each such device into the PC database, using the PC Database screen.

#### PC Database Screen

An example *PC Database* screen is shown below.

🔊 TRENDr	TET 300Mbps Wireless N ADSL 2/2+ Modem Router TEW-835BRM
Setup Wizard	PC Database
AN	This Database only list the clients connected.
lireless	Known PCs
sword	TEW-PC-PC 192.168.10.100 (LAN) 00:16:36 FF:B9.12 (DHCP)
le.	
5	
ad	Refresh Advanced Help
stration	
e .	
ostics	
te Admin	
19	
rade Firmware	
Log Out	
	Convriet © 2009 TRENDert Al Birbts Branne

- PCs which are "DHCP Clients" are automatically added to the database, and updated as required.
- By default, non-Server versions of Windows act as "DHCP Clients"; this setting is called "Obtain an IP Address automatically".
- The Wireless ADSL Router uses the "Hardware Address" to identify each PC, not the name or IP address. The "Hardware Address" can only change if you change the PC's network card or adapter.
- This system means you do NOT need to use Fixed (static) IP addresses on your LAN. However, you can add PCs using Fixed (static) IP Addresses to the PC database if required.

#### Data - PC Database Screen

Known PCs	This lists all current entries. Data displayed is <i>name (IP Address) type</i> . The "type" indicates whether the PC is connected to the LAN.	
Buttons		
Refresh	Update the data on screen.	
Advanced Administration	View the Advanced version of the PC database screen - <i>PC Database</i> ( <i>Admin</i> ). See below for details.	

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#### PC Database - Advanced

This screen is displayed if the "Advanced Administration" button on the *PC Database* is clicked. It provides more control than the standard *PC Database* screen.

PC Datab	ase - Advanced	
	Any PC may be added, edited or deleted. If adding a PC which is not connected and On, you must provide the MAC (hardware) address	
reless		
ssword	TEW-PC-PC 192.168.10.100 (LAN) 00:16:36.FF:B9:12 (DHCP)	
de		
tus	Edit Delete	
vanced	Edit Delete	
PC Propertie	s	
ninistration Name:		
Database	Automatic (DHCP Client)	
onfig File IP Address:	O DHCP Client - reserved IP address: 192 168 10	
mail	Fixed IP address (set on PC):	
Address:	Automatic discovery (PC must be available on LAN)     MAC address is	
ernote Admin Clear Form	· MAC douress is	
outing		
ograde Firmware	Add as New Entry Update Selected PC	
	Opdate Selected Po	

#### Data - Advanced PC Database

Known PCs	This lists all current entries. Data displayed is <i>name (IP Address) type</i> . The "type" indicates whether the PC is connected to the LAN.	
PC Properties		
Name	If adding a new PC to the list, enter its name here. It is best if this matches the PC's "hostname".	
IP Address	Select the appropriate option:	
	• Automatic - The PC is set to be a DHCP client (Windows: "Ob- tain an IP address automatically"). The Wireless ADSL Router will allocate an IP address to this PC when requested to do so. The IP address could change, but normally won't.	
	• <b>DCHP Client - Reserved IP Address</b> - Select this if the PC is set to be a DCHP client, and you wish to guarantee that the Wireless ADSL Router will always allocate the same IP Address to this PC. Enter the required IP address.	
	• <b>Fixed IP Address</b> - Select this if the PC is using a Fixed (Static) IP address. Enter the IP address allocated to the PC. (The PC itself must be configured to use this IP address.)	

MAC Address	Select the appropriate option		
	• Automatic discovery - Select this to have the Wireless ADSL Router contact the PC and find its MAC address. This is only possible if the PC is connected to the LAN and powered On.		
	• MAC address is - Enter the MAC address on the PC. The MAC address is also called the "Hardware Address", "Physical Address", or "Network Adapter Address". The Wireless ADSL Router uses this to provide a unique identifier for each PC. Because of this, the MAC address can NOT be left blank.		
Buttons			
Add as New Entry	Add a new PC to the list, using the data in the "Properties" box. If "Automatic discovery" (for MAC address) is selected, the PC will be sent a "ping" to determine its hardware address. This will fail unless the PC is connected to the LAN, and powered on.		
Update Selected PC	Update (modify) the selected PC, using the data in the "Properties" box.		
Clear Form	Clear the "Properties" box, ready for entering data for a new PC.		
Refresh	Update the data on screen.		
Standard Screen	Click this to view the standard PC Database screen.		

### **Config File**

This feature allows you to download the current settings from the Wireless ADSL Router, and save them to a file on your PC.

You can restore a previously-downloaded configuration file to the Wireless ADSL Router, by uploading it to the Wireless ADSL Router.

This screen also allows you to set the Wireless ADSL Router back to its factory default configuration. Any existing settings will be deleted.

An example *Config File* screen is shown below.

🕙 TREND	NET	300Mbps Wireless N ADSL 2/2+ Modem Router TEW-635BRM
Setup Wizard	Config File	
Wireless	Backup Config	
	Save a Copy of Current Settings	Backup
Password	Restore Config	
Mode	Restore Saved Settings from a File	Browse
Status		Restore
Advanced	Default Config	
Administration	Revert to Factory Default Settings	Factory Defaults
PC Database <u>Config Lite</u> Logs     E-mail     Disnostine     Remote Admin     Routing     Upgrade Firmware		Help
Log Out		Copyright © 2009 THENDRief, All Hights Reserved.

#### Data - Config File Screen

Backup Config	Use this to download a copy of the current configuration, and store the file on your PC. Click <i>Backup</i> to start the download.		
Restore Config	This allows you to restore a previously-saved configuration file back to the Wireless ADSL Router.		
	Click <i>Browse</i> to select the configuration file, then click <i>Restore</i> to upload the configuration file.		
	WARNING!		
	Uploading a configuration file will destroy (overwrite) ALL of the existing settings.		
Default Config	Clicking the <i>Factory Defaults</i> button will reset the Wireless ADSL Router to its factory default settings.		
	WARNING!		
	This will delete ALL of the existing settings.		

#### Logs

The Logs record various types of activity on the Wireless ADSL Router. This data is useful for troubleshooting, but enabling all logs will generate a large amount of data and adversely affect performance.

Since only a limited amount of log data can be stored in the Wireless ADSL Router, log data can also be E-mailed to your PC. Use the *E-mail* screen to configure this feature.

Setup Wizard	Logs		
AN			
Wireless	Logs Current time:	2000-01-01 00 46 28	
Password	()	client 192.148.10.100 login Sa -	
Mode	[Bootup] Sat 2 [admin logout]	000-01-01 00:10:27 - Router sta :The previous client log Out 3	
Status	[admin login]:client 192.168.10.100 login Sa [admin logout]:The previous client log Out S		
	[admin login]:client 192.168.10.100 login Sa [admin logout]:The previous client log Out S		
Advanced	No. of Concession, Name	[admin login]:client 192.168.10.100 login Sa Retesh ClearLog SendLog	
Administration	1		
PC Database	Include in Log	Altempted access to blocked sites     Connections to the Web-based interface of this Router	
- Config File - Loga		Router operation (start up, get time etc)	
- E-mail		Known DoS attacks and Port Scans	
Diagnostics		Coulgoing (Internet) connections	
Remote Admin	Syslog	Disable	
- Routing	000000	O Broadcast on LAN	
<ul> <li>Upgrade Firmware</li> </ul>	8	Send to this Syslog Server	
		Save Cancel Help	

#### Data - Logs Screen

Logs		
Current Time	The current time on the Wireless ADSL Router is displayed.	
Log Data	Current log data is displayed in this panel.	
Buttons	There are three (3) buttons	
	• <b>Refresh</b> - Update the log data.	
	• <b>Clear Log</b> - Clear the log, and restart it. This makes new messages easier to read.	
	• <b>Send Log</b> - E-mail the log immediately. This is only functional if the <i>E-mail</i> screen has been configured.	

Logs	
Include (Checkboxes)	Use these checkboxes to determine which events are included in the log. Checking all options will increase the size of the log, so it is good practice to disable any events which are not really re- quired.
	• Attempted access to blocked sites - If checked, attempted Internet accesses which were blocked are logged.
	• <b>Connections to the Web-based interface of this Router</b> - If checked, this will log connections TO this Router, rather than through this Router to the Internet.
	• <b>Router operation</b> - If checked, other Router operations (not covered by the selections above) will be logged.
	• Known DoS attacks and Port Scans - If checked, Denial of Service attacks, as well as port scans, will be logged.
	• <b>Outgoing Connections</b> - If selected, Outgoing Internet connections are logged.
	• Access Control - If enabled, the log will include attempted outgoing connections which have been blocked by the "Access Control" feature.
Syslog	
Dicabla	Data is not sent to a Sysleg Server

<b>v</b> 8		
Disable	Data is not sent to a Syslog Server.	
Broadcast on LAN	The Syslog data is broadcast, rather than sent to a specific Syslog server. Use this if your Syslog Server does not have a fixed IP address.	
Sent to this Syslog Server	If your Syslog server has a fixed IP address, select this option, and enter the IP address of your Syslog server.	

#### E-mail

This screen allows you to E-mail Logs and Alerts. A sample screen is shown below.

up Wizard E-Mail	
E-mail Notification	
Turn E-mail Notification On	
Send to this E-mail Address:	
Outgoing (SMTP) Mail Server:	
Mail Sender Address:	TEW-635BRM
My SMTP Mail Server requires	
authentication	
Use	r Name:
Pas	isword:
E-mail Alerts	
Send E-Mail alerts immediately	If a DoS attack is detected.
	✓ If a Port Scan is detected.
E-mail Logs	If someone altempts to access a blocked site.
Send Logs According to this Schede	le Hourly -
Send Logs According to this Schedu	Day Sunday *
	Time 1:00 - @ a.m. O p.m.

#### Data - E-mail Screen

E-Mail Notification		
Turn E-mail Notification on	Check this box to enable this feature. If enabled, the E-mail address information (below) must be provided.	
Send to this E- mail address	Enter the E-mail address the Log is to be sent to. The E-mail will also show this address as the Sender's address.	
Outgoing (SMTP) Mail Server	Enter the address or IP address of the SMTP (Simple Mail Transport Protocol) Server you use for outgoing E-mail.	
Mail Sender Address	Enter the mail address of the sender. The E-mail will also show this address as the Sender's address.	
My SMTP Mail Server requires authentication	To stop spanners, many SMTP mail servers require you to log in to send mail. In this case, enable this checkbox, and enter the login information (User name and Password) in the fields below.	
User Name	If you have enabled "My SMTP Mail Server requires authentication" above, enter the User Name required to login to your SMTP Server.	
Password	If you have enabled "My SMTP Mail Server requires authentication" above, enter the password required to login to your SMTP Server.	

E-mail Alerts			
Send E-mail alerts immediately	<ul> <li>You can choose to have alerts E-mailed to you, by checking the desired checkboxes. The Broadband ADSL Router can send an immediate alert when it detects a significant security incident such as</li> <li>A known hacker attack is directed at your IP address</li> <li>A computer on the Internet scans your IP address for open ports</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Someone on your LAN (Local Area Network) tries to visit a blocked site.</li> </ul>		
E-mail Logs			
Send Logs	<ul> <li>Select the desired option for sending the log by E-mail.</li> <li>Never (default) - This feature is disabled; Logs are not sent.</li> <li>When log is full - The time is not fixed. The log will be sent when the log is full, which will depend on the volume of traffic.</li> <li>Hourly, Daily, Weekly The log is sent on the interval specified.</li> <li>If Daily is selected, the log is sent at the time specified. Select the time of day you wish the E-mail to be sent.</li> <li>If Weekly is selected, the log is sent once per week, on the specified day, at the specified time. Select the day and the time of day you wish the E-mail to be sent.</li> </ul>		
	<b>Note:</b> If the log is full before the time specified to send it, it will be sent regardless of the day and time specified.		

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#### Diagnostics

This screen allows you to perform a "Ping" or a "DNS lookup". These activities can be useful in solving network problems.

Ping	
IP Address:	Ping
DNS Lookup	
Internet Name:	Lookup
IP address:	
DNS Server:	
Routing	
Display the Routing Table	Display
	He
	He

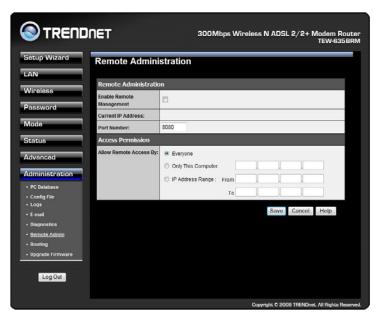
An example *Network Diagnostics* screen is shown below.

#### Data - Network Diagnostics Screen

Ping		
IP Address	Enter the IP address you wish to ping. The IP address can be on your LAN, or on the Internet. Note that if the address is on the Internet, and no connection currently exists, you could get a "Timeout" error. In that case, wait a few seconds and try again.	
Ping Button	After entering the IP address, click this button to start the "Ping" procedure. The results will be displayed in the <i>Ping Results</i> pane.	
DNS Lookup		
Internet name	Enter the Domain name or URL for which you want a DNS (Domain Name Server) lookup. Note that if the address in on the Internet, and no connection currently exists, you could get a "Timeout" error. In that case, wait a few seconds and try again.	
Lookup Button	After entering the Domain name/URL, click this button to start the "DNS Lookup" procedure.	
Routing		
Display	Click this button to display the internal routing table. This informa- tion can be used by Technical Support and other staff who understand Routing Tables.	

#### **Remote Administration**

If enabled, this feature allows you to manage the Wireless ADSL Router via the Internet.



#### **Data - Remote Administration Screen**

Remote Administration			
Enable Remote Management	Check to allow administration/management via the Internet. (To connect, see below).		
	If Disabled, this device will ignore Administration connection attempts from the Internet.		
Current IP Address	This is the current address you will use when accessing this device from the Internet. To connect, see details and an example below.		
Port Number	Enter a port number between 1 and 65535. The default for HTTP (Web) connections is port 80, but using port 80 will prevent the use of a Web "Virtual Server" on your LAN. So using a different port number is recommended. The default value is 8080.		
	The port number must be specified in your Browser when you connect. See the following section for details.		
Access Permissio	Access Permission		
Allow Remote	Select the desired option.		
Access	• <b>Everyone</b> - allow access by everyone on the Internet.		
	• <b>Only This Computer</b> - allow access by only one IP address. Enter the desired IP address.		
	• <b>IP Address Range</b> - allow access from a range of IP addresses on the Internet. Enter a beginning and ending IP address to de- fine the allowed range.		
	For security, you should restrict access to as few external IP ad- dresses as practical.		

#### To connect from a remote PC via the Internet

- 1. Ensure your Internet connection is established, and start your Web Browser.
- In the "Address" bar, enter "HTTP://" followed by the Internet IP Address of the Wireless ADSL Router. If the port number is not 80, the port number is also required. (After the IP Address, enter ":" followed by the port number.)
   e.g.

HTTP://123.123.123.123:8080

This example assumes the WAN IP Address is 123.123.123.123, and the port number is 8080.

3. You will then be prompted for the login name and password for this device.

#### Routing

#### Overview

- If you don't have other Routers or Gateways on your LAN, you can ignore the "Routing" page completely.
- If the Wireless ADSL Router is only acting as a Gateway for the local LAN segment, ignore the "Routing" page even if your LAN has other Routers.
- If your LAN has a standard Router (e.g. Cisco) on your LAN, and the Wireless ADSL Router is to act as a Gateway for all LAN segments, enable RIP (Routing Information Protocol) and ignore the Static Routing table.
- If your LAN has other Gateways and Routers, and you wish to control which LAN segments use each Gateway, do NOT enable RIP (Routing Information Protocol). Configure the Static Routing table instead. (You also need to configure the other Routers.)
- If using Windows 2000 Data center Server as a software Router, enable RIP on the Wireless ADSL Router, and ensure the following Windows 2000 settings are correct:
  - Open Routing and Remote Access
  - In the console tree, select *Routing and Remote Access*, [server name], IP Routing, RIP
  - In the "Details" pane, right-click the interface you want to configure for RIP version 2, and then click "Properties".
  - On the "General" tab, set *Outgoing packet protocol* to "RIP version 2 broadcast", and *Incoming packet protocol* to "RIP version 1 and 2".

#### **Routing Screen**

The routing table is accessed by the Routing link on the Administration menu.

#### **Using this Screen**

Generally, you will use either RIP (Routing Information Protocol) OR the Static Routing Table, as explained above, although is it possible to use both methods simultaneously.

#### Static Routing Table

- If RIP is not used, an entry in the routing table is required for each LAN segment on your Network, other than the segment to which this device is attached.
- The other Routers must also be configured. See *Configuring Other Routers on your LAN* later in this chapter for further details and an example.

	ÎNET		300Mbps Wireless N ADSL 2/2+ Modem Router TEW-635BRM
Setup Wizard	Routing		
Wireless	RIP		
Wireless	RIP Direction	None -	
Password	RIP Version	RIP-1 -	
Mode	Static Routing		
Status	Static Routing Table Entries		
Advanced			
Administration			Add Edit Delete
PC Database     Config File     Logs     Email     Diagnostics     Remote Admin     Routing     Upgrade Firmware      Log Out			Save Cancel Help
			Copyright © 2009 TRENDnet. All Rights Reserved.

#### **Data - Routing Screen**

RIP		
<b>RIP Direction</b>	Select the desired RIP Direction.	
<b>RIP Version</b>	Choose the RIP Version for the Server.	
Static Routing		
Static Routing Table Entries	<ul><li>This list shows all entries in the Routing Table.</li><li>This area shows details of the selected item in the list.</li></ul>	
	• Change any the properties as required, then click the "Edit" button to save the changes to the selected entry.	
Buttons		
Add	Add a new entry to the Static Routing table, using the data shown in the "Properties" area on screen. The entry selected in the list is ignored, and has no effect.	
Edit	Update the current Static Routing Table entry, using the data shown in the table area on screen.	
Delete	Delete the current Static Routing Table entry.	
Save	Save the RIP setting. This has no effect on the Static Routing Table.	
112B		

#### **Configuring Other Routers on your LAN**

It is essential that all IP packets for devices not on the local LAN be passed to the Wireless ADSL Router, so that they can be forwarded to the external LAN, WAN, or Internet. To achieve this, the local LAN must be configured to use the Wireless ADSL Router as the Default Route or Default Gateway.

#### Local Router

The local router is the Router installed on the same LAN segment as the Wireless ADSL Router. This router requires that the *Default Route* is the Wireless ADSL Router itself. Typically, routers have a special entry for the *Default Route*. It should be configured as follows.

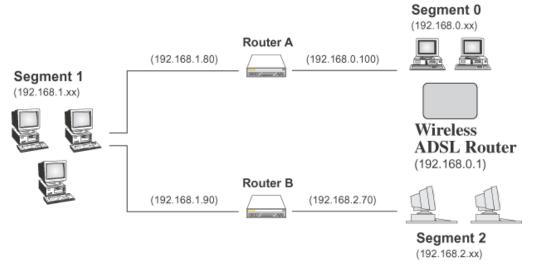
Destination IP Address	Normally 0.0.0, but check your router documentation.
Network Mask	Normally 0.0.0, but check your router documentation.
Gateway IP Address	The IP Address of the Wireless ADSL Router.
Metric	1
157D	·

#### 157B

#### Other Routers on the Local LAN

Other routers on the local LAN must use the Wireless ADSL Router's *Local Router* as the *Default Route*. The entries will be the same as the Wireless ADSL Router's local router, with the exception of the *Gateway IP Address*.

- For a router with a direct connection to the Wireless ADSL Router's local Router, the *Gateway IP Address* is the address of the Wireless ADSL Router's local router.
- For routers which must forward packets to another router before reaching the Wireless ADSL Router's local router, the *Gateway IP Address* is the address of the intermediate router.



## Static Routing - Example

#### Figure 2: Routing Example

#### For the Wireless ADSL Router's Routing Table

For the LAN shown above, with 2 routers and 3 LAN segments, the Wireless ADSL Router requires 2 entries as follows.

Entry 1 (Segment 1)		
Destination IP Address	192.168.1.0	
Network Mask	255.255.255.0 (Standard Class C)	

Gateway IP Address	192.168.0.100 (Wireless ADSL Router's local Router)
Metric	2
Entry 2 (Segment 2)	-
Destination IP Address	192.168.2.0
Network Mask	255.255.255.0 (Standard Class C)
Gateway IP Address	192.168.0.100
Metric	3

#### For Router A's Default Route

Destination IP Address	0.0.0.0
Network Mask	0.0.0.0
Gateway IP Address	192.168.0.1 (Wireless ADSL Router's IP Address)

#### For Router B's Default Route

Destination IP Address	0.0.0.0
Network Mask	0.0.0.0
Gateway IP Address	192.168.1.80 (Wireless ADSL Router's local router)

#### **Upgrade Firmware**

The firmware (software) in the Wireless ADSL Router can be upgraded using your Web Browser.

You must first download the upgrade file, then select *Upgrade Firmware* on the *Administration* menu. You will see a screen like the following.

Vizard Upgrade Firmware Locate and Select the Upgrade File from your Hard Disk. Ind Upload Upload	
Locate and Select the Upprade File from your Hard Disk.	
Ind Upload (	
Browse	
Upload	
_	Cancel Help
tration	
ase	
cs	
Admin	
Firmware	
g Out	
Copyright © 2009	

#### To perform the Firmware Upgrade:

- 1. Click the *Browse* button and navigate to the location of the upgrade file.
- 2. Select the upgrade file. Its name will appear in the Upgrade File field.
- 3. Click the *Upload* button to commence the firmware upgrade.



The Wireless ADSL Router is unavailable during the upgrade process, and must restart when the upgrade is completed. Any connections to or through the Wireless ADSL Router will be lost.

## Modem Mode

#### Overview

There are two modes available on the Mode screen.

- **Router** Both the ADSL Modem and the Router features are operational. In this mode, this device can provide shared Internet Access to all your LAN users. Also, by default, it acts a DHCP Server, providing an IP address and related information to all Wireless and LAN users.
- **Modem** Only the ADSL Modem component is operational. All Router features are disabled. This device is "transparent" it does not perform any operations or make any changes to the network traffic passing through it. You need to have a DHCP Server on your LAN to provide IP addresses to the Wireless clients using this Access Point.

This Chapter describes operation while in Modem Mode, also called Bridge Mode.

#### **Management Connections**

When this device restarts in Modem mode, the IP address does not change, but the DHCP server is disabled. However, your PC will usually retain the IP address provided by the DHCP Server, so the connection will be automatically re-established. You then need to ensure that the IP address of this modem is suitable for your LAN.

- You need to have a DHCP Server on your LAN to provide IP addresses to the Wireless clients using this Access Point.
- This Modem/AP must be a valid device on your LAN, to allow management connections. You must assign a (fixed) IP address which is within the address range used on your LAN, but not within the address range used by your DHCP server.

When you connect in future, just connect normally, using the IP address you assigned.

- 1. Start your WEB browser.
- In the Address box, enter "HTTP://" and the current IP Address of the Wireless ADSL Modem, as in this example, which uses the Wireless ADSL Modem's default IP Address: HTTP://192.168.0.1
- 3. When prompted for the User name and Password, enter admin for the user name, and the current password, as set on the password screen. (The password is the same regardless of the mode.)

#### **Home Screen**

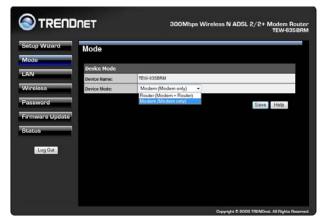
Betup Wizard	Wireless Mo	dem
Mode		
AN	TEW-657BRM	
	Wireless	
Vireless	SSID1:	TEW-635BRM
assword	Security:	WPA2-PSK
irmware Update	S SID2:	TEW-635_1
irmware opoate	Security:	Disabled
itatus	LAN	
	IP Address:	192.168.10.1
Log Out		

If in Modem mode, the home screen will look like the example below.

Note that the menu has changed, many of the options in Router mode are not available. The screens available are:

- Mode change back to Router mode, if desired.
- LAN set IP address, mask and gateway. This is the same as in Router mode, except that the DHCP server is not available while in Modem mode.
- Wireless this screen, and related sub-screens, is the same as in Router mode.
- **Password** this screen is the same as in Router mode.
- Upgrade FW this screen is the same as in Router mode.
- Status displays current settings and status. See the following section for details.

#### **Mode Screen**



This screen is change back to Router mode, if desired.

#### Data - Mode Screen

<b>Device Name</b>	This field displays the current name of this device.
<b>Device Mode</b>	Select the desired device mode for the router:
	• <b>Router</b> - Both the ADSL Modem and the Router features are opera- tional. In this mode, this device can provide shared Internet Access to all your LAN users. Also, by default, it acts a DHCP Server, provid- ing an IP address and related information to all Wireless and LAN users.
	• <b>Modem</b> - Only the ADSL Modem component is operational. All Router features are disabled. This device is "transparent" - it does not perform any operations or make any changes to the network traffic passing through it. You need to have a DHCP Server on your LAN to provide IP addresses to the Wireless clients using this Access Point. This mode is also called <i>Bridge Mode</i> .
	After changing the mode, this device will restart, which will take a few seconds. The menu will also change, depending on the mode you are in.

#### Operation

Operation is automatic and transparent.

- Wireless clients can connect to the Access Point if they have the correct SSID and security, but they must obtain an IP address from the DHCP Server on your LAN.
- The modem will act like any other ADSL modem. No routing will be performed, and no client login will be done. If a client login is required, it must be performed by your Router/Gateway or by software on your PC.

#### **Status Screen**

Wizard Status - Bridg	e Mode
ADSL	
Modem Status	Connected
Down Stream Connection	m 1536 kbps
UpStream Connection Speed	384 kbps
e Update	ADSL Details
LAN	
IP Address:	192 168 10 1
Network Mask:	255 255 255 0
MAC Address	00:C0:02:FF:CA:E8
Wireless	
SSID1	TEW-635BRM
MAC Address	00 C0.02 FF CA:E8
\$ SID2	TEW-657_1
MAC Address	00:c0:02#ca:e9
Region	USA
Channel	6
Wireless AP	enable
Broadcast Name	enable
System	
Device Name:	TEW-635BRM
Firmware Version:	1 00 00 Attached Devices

In Modem mode, the Status screen looks like the example below.

#### Data - Status Screen (Bridge Mode)

ADSL	
Modem Status	This indicates the status of the ADSL modem component.
DownStream Connection Speed	Displays the speed for the DownStream Connection.
UpStream Connection Speed	If connected, displays the speed for the Up Stream (upload) ADSL Connection.
LAN	
IP Address	The IP Address of the Wireless ADSL Router.
Network Mask	The Network Mask (Subnet Mask) for the IP Address above.
MAC Address	This shows the MAC Address for the Wireless ADSL Router, as seen on the LAN interface.
Wireless	
SSID 1	It displays the name of the SSID 1.
MAC Address	It displays the MAC address of the SSID 1.
SSID 2	It displays the name of the SSID 2.
MAC Address	It displays the MAC address of the SSID 2.
Region	The current region, as set on the Wireless screen.

Channel	This shows the Channel currently used, as set on the Wireless screen.
Wireless AP	This indicates whether or not the Wireless Access Point feature is enabled.
Broadcast Name	This indicates whether or not the SSID is Broadcast. This setting is on the Wireless screen.
System	
Device Name	The current name of the Router. This name is also the "hostname" for users with an "@Home" type connection.
Firmware Version	The version of the current firmware installed.
Buttons	
Attached Devices	This will open a sub-window, showing all LAN and Wireless devices currently on the network.
Refresh Screen	Update the data displayed on screen.

## Appendix

#### Troubleshooting

This chapter covers some common problems that may be encountered while using the Wireless ADSL Router and some possible solutions to them. If you follow the suggested steps and the Wireless ADSL Router still does not function properly, contact your dealer for further advice.

#### **General Problems**

#### Problem 1: Can't connect to the Wireless ADSL Router to configure it.

**Solution 1:** Check the following:

- The Wireless ADSL Router is properly installed, LAN connections are OK, and it is powered ON.
- Ensure that your PC and the Wireless ADSL Router are on the same network segment. (If you don't have a router, this must be the case.)
- If your PC is set to "Obtain an IP Address automatically" (DHCP client), restart it.
- If your PC uses a Fixed (Static) IP address, ensure that it is using an IP Address within the range 192.168.0.2 to 192.168.0.254 and thus compatible with the Wireless ADSL Router's default IP Address of 192.168.0.1.
   Also, the Network Mask should be set to 255.255.255.0 to match the

Also, the Network Mask should be set to 255.255.255.0 to match the Wireless ADSL Router.

In Windows, you can check these settings by using *Control Panel*. *Network* to check the *Properties* for the TCP/IP protocol.

#### **Internet Access**

#### *Problem 1:* When I enter a URL or IP address I get a time out error.

- **Solution 1:** A number of things could be causing this. Try the following troubleshooting steps.
  - Check if other PCs work. If they do, ensure that your PCs IP settings are correct. If using a Fixed (Static) IP Address, check the Network Mask, Default gateway and DNS as well as the IP Address.
  - If the PCs are configured correctly, but still not working, check the Wireless ADSL Router. Ensure that it is connected and ON. Connect to it and check its settings. (If you can't connect to it, check the LAN and power connections.)
  - Check the Wireless ADSL Router's status screen to see if it is working correctly.

## *Problem 2:* Some applications do not run properly when using the Wireless ADSL Router.

**Solution 2:** The Wireless ADSL Router processes the data passing through it, so it is not transparent.

For incoming connections, you must use the Virtual Server or Firewall

Rules to specify the PC which will receive the incoming traffic.

You can also use the *DMZ* function. This should work with almost every application, but:

- It is a security risk, since the firewall is disabled.
- Only one (1) PC can use this feature.

#### **Wireless Access**

#### Problem 1: My PC can't locate the Wireless Access Point.

**Solution 1:** Check the following.

- Your PC is set to *Infrastructure Mode*. (Access Points are always in *Infrastructure Mode*)
- The SSID on your PC and the Wireless Access Point are the same. Remember that the SSID is case-sensitive. So, for example "Workgroup" does NOT match "workgroup".
- Both your PC and the Wireless ADSL Router must have the same setting for WEP. The default setting for the Wireless ADSL Router is disabled, so your wireless station should also have WEP disabled.
- If WEP is enabled on the Wireless ADSL Router, your PC must have WEP enabled, and the key must match.
- If the Wireless ADSL Router's *Wireless* screen is set to *Allow Trusted PCs only*, then each of your Wireless stations must have been designated as "Trusted", or the Wireless station will be blocked.
- To see if radio interference is causing a problem, see if connection is possible when close to the Wireless ADSL Router. Remember that the connection range can be as little as 100 feet in poor environments.

#### Problem 2: Wireless connection speed is very slow.

- **Solution 2:** The wireless system will connect at the highest possible speed, depending on the distance and the environment. To obtain the highest possible connection speed, you can experiment with the following:
  - Wireless ADSL Router location. Try adjusting the location and orientation of the Wireless ADSL Router.
  - Wireless Channel If interference is the problem, changing to another channel may show a marked improvement.
  - Radio Interference Other devices may be causing interference. You can experiment by switching other devices Off, and see if this helps. Any "noisy" devices should be shielded or relocated.
  - RF Shielding

Your environment may tend to block transmission between the wireless stations. This will mean high access speed is only possible when close to the Wireless ADSL Router.

#### **About Wireless LANs**

Wireless LANs can work in either of two (2) modes:

- Ad-hoc
- Infrastructure

#### Ad-hoc Mode

Ad-hoc mode does not require an Access Point or a wired (Ethernet) LAN. Wireless Stations (e.g. notebook PCs with wireless cards) communicate directly with each other.

#### Infrastructure Mode

In Infrastructure Mode, one or more Access Points are used to connect Wireless Stations (e.g. Notebook PCs with wireless cards) to a wired (Ethernet) LAN. The Wireless Stations can then access all LAN resources.

*Note:* Access Points can only function in "Infrastructure" mode and can only communicate with other Wireless Stations that are set to "Infrastructure" mode.

#### **BSS/ESS**

#### BSS

A group of Wireless Stations and a single Access Point, all using the same ID (SSID), form a Basic Service Set (BSS).

Using the same SSID is essential. Devices with different SSIDs are unable to communicate with each other.

#### ESS

A group of Wireless Stations, and multiple Access Points, all using the same ID (ESSID), form an Extended Service Set (ESS).

Different Access Points within an ESS can use different Channels. In fact, to reduce interference, it is recommended that adjacent Access Points SHOULD use different channels.

As Wireless Stations are physically moved through the area covered by an ESS, they will automatically change to the Access Point which has the least interference or best performance. This capability is called **Roaming**. (Access Points do not have or require Roaming capabilities.)

#### Channels

The Wireless Channel sets the radio frequency used for communication.

- Access Points use a fixed Channel. You can select the Channel used. This allows you to choose a Channel which provides the least interference and best performance. In the USA and Canada, 11 channels are available. If using multiple Access Points, it is better if adjacent Access Points use different Channels to reduce interference.
- In "Infrastructure" mode, Wireless Stations normally scan all Channels, looking for an Access Point. If more than one Access Point can be used, the one with the strongest signal is used. (This can only happen within an ESS.)

• If using "Ad-hoc" mode (no Access Point), all Wireless stations should be set to use the same Channel. However, most Wireless stations will still scan all Channels to see if there is an existing "Ad-hoc" group they can join.

#### WEP

WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy) is a standard for encrypting data before it is transmitted.

This is desirable because it is impossible to prevent snoopers from receiving any data which is transmitted by your Wireless Stations. But if the data is encrypted, then it is meaningless unless the receiver can decrypt it.

## If WEP is used, the Wireless Stations and the Access Point must have the same settings for each of the following:

WEP	Off, 64 Bit, 128 Bit
Key	For 64 Bit encryption, the Key value must match. For 128 Bit encryption, the Key value must match
WEP Authentication	Open System or Shared Key.

#### WPA-PSK

WPA-PSK is another standard for encrypting data before it is transmitted. This is a later standard than WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy), and provides greater security for your data. Data is encrypted using a 256Bit key which is automatically generated and changed often.

If all your Wireless stations support WPA-PSK, you should use this instead of WEP.

## If WPA-PSK is used, the Wireless Stations and the Access Point must have the same settings for each of the following:

WPA PSK (Pre-shared Key)	Enter the same value on every station and the AP. The PSK must be from 8 to 63 characters in length. The 256Bit key used for the actual encryption is derived from this key.
Encryption	The same encryption method must be used. The most common encryption method is TKIP. Another widely-supported method is AES.

#### WPA2-PSK

This is a later version of WPA (WPA-PSK). The major change is the use of AES (Advanced Encryption System) for protecting data. AES is very secure, considered to be unbreakable. The PSK (Pre-shared Key) must be entered on each Wireless station.

## If WPA2-PSK is used, the Wireless Stations and the Access Point must have the same settings for each of the following:

WPA2 PSK (Pre-shared Key)	Enter the same value on every station and the AP. The PSK must be from 8 to 63 characters in length. The 256Bit key
	used for the actual encryption is derived from this key.

Encryption	The same encryption method must be used. The most common encryption method is TKIP. Another widely-
	supported method is AES.

#### WPA-802.1x

This version of WPA requires a Radius Server on your LAN to provide the client authentication according to the 802.1x standard. Data transmissions are encrypted using the WPA standard.

If this option is used:

- The Access Point must have a "client login" on the Radius Server.
- Each user must have a "user login" on the Radius Server.
- Each user's wireless client must support 802.1x and provide the login data when required.

All data transmission is encrypted using the WPA standard. Keys are automatically generated, so no key input is required.

#### **Wireless LAN Configuration**

To allow Wireless Stations to use the Access Point, the Wireless Stations and the Access Point must use the same settings, as follows:

Mode	On client Wireless Stations, the mode must be set to "Infrastructure". (The Access Point is always in "Infrastructure" mode.)
SSID (ESSID)	Wireless Stations should use the same SSID (ESSID) as the Access Point they wish to connect to. Alternatively, the SSID can be set to "any" or null (blank) to allow connection to any Access Point.
Wireless Security	The Wireless Stations and the Access Point must use the same settings for Wireless security. (None, WEP, WPA-PSK, WPA2-PSK, Mixed WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK, 802.1x).
	For <b>Ad-hoc networks</b> (no Access Point), all Wireless stations must use the same security settings.

### Specifications

Hardware	
Standards	Wired: IEEE 802.3 (10Base-T), IEEE 802.3u (100Base-TX)
	Wireless: IEEE 802.11b, IEEE 802.11g, IEEE 802.11n (draft 2.0)
	VC and LLC Multiplexing
	Bridged/Routed Ethernet over ATM (RFC1483/2684)
АТМ	OAM F4/F5 loop-back
	PPP over ATM (RFC2364)
	PPP over Ethernet (RFC2516)
	Complies with ADSL standards
	- ANSI T1.413 Issue2
	- G.992.1 (G.dmt, Annex A)
WAN Port	- G.992.2 (G.lite)
(ADSL line Interface)	Complies with ADSL2 standard
	- G.992.3 (G.dmt.bis)
	Complies with ADSL2+ standard
	- G.992.5 Annex A
LAN	4 x 10/100Mbps Auto-MDIX ports
WPS Button	Enables Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS) function
UPnP	UPnP IGD 1.0 compliant
Firewall	NAT, Access Control, URL Content Filter
LED Indicator	Power, WPS, LAN1~LAN4, WLAN, ADSL and Internet
Power Adapter	12V DC, 1A external power adapter
Power Consump- tion	5.43watts (max)
Dimension (L x W x H)	300 x 145 x 26mm (5.9 x 5.7 x 1.02in)
Weight	275g (9.7oz)
Turning	Operation: 0° ~ 40°C (32°F ~ 104°F)
Temperature	Storage: $-20^{\circ} \sim 60^{\circ}$ C ( $-4^{\circ}$ F ~ $140^{\circ}$ F) non-condensing
Humidity	Max. 90% (non-condensing)
Certifications	CE, FCC
Wireless	
Frequency	2.415 ~2.484GHz Band
Modulation	DBPSK/DQPSK/CCK/OFDM (BPSK/QPSK/16-QAM/64-QAM)
Antenna	1 x 2dBi detachable dipole antenna
Data Rate	802.11b: up to 11Mbps
	802.11g: up to 54Mbps
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	802.11n: up to *300Mbps @ 40Mhz
Security	WEP(HEX/ASCII): 64/128-bit
	WPA(AES/TKIP): WPA/WPA2-RADIUS, WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK
Output Power	802.11b: 18dBm (typical)
	802.11g: 15dBm (typical)
	802.11n: 13dBm (typical)
Receiving Sensitiv- ity	802.11b: -83dBm (typical) @ 11Mbps
	802.11g: -66dBm (typical) @ 54Mbps
	802.11n: -62dBm (typical) @ *300Mbps
Channels	1~ 11 (FCC), 1~13 (ETSI)

\*Maximum wireless signal rates are referenced from IEEE 802.11 theoretical specifications. Actual data throughput and coverage will vary depending on interference, network traffic, building materials and other conditions.

### **Regulatory Approvals**

#### **FCC Statement**

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation.

This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

To assure continued compliance, any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment. (Example - use only shielded interface cables when connecting to computer or peripheral devices).

#### FCC Radiation Exposure Statement

This equipment complies with FCC RF radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with a minimum distance of 20 centimeters between the radiator and your body.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

(1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and

(2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

#### **CE** Approval

#### **CE Standards**

This product complies with the 99/5/EEC directives, including the following safety and EMC standards:

- EN300328-2
- EN301489-1/-17
- EN60950

#### **CE Marking Warning**

This is a Class B product. In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

#### **Limited Warranty**

TRENDnet warrants its products against defects in material and workmanship, under normal use and service, for the following lengths of time from the date of purchase.

#### TEW-635BRM - 3 Years Warranty

#### AC/DC Power Adapter, Cooling Fan, and Power Supply carry 1 year warranty

If a product does not operate as warranted during the applicable warranty period, TRENDnet shall reserve the right, at its expense, to repair or replace the defective product or part and deliver an equivalent product or part to the customer. The repair/replacement unit's warranty continues from the original date of purchase. All products that are replaced become the property of TRENDnet. Replacement products may be new or reconditioned. TRENDnet does not issue refunds or credit. Please contact the point-of-purchase for their return policies.

TRENDnet shall not be responsible for any software, firmware, information, or memory data of customer contained in, stored on, or integrated with any products returned to TRENDnet pursuant to any warranty.

There are no user serviceable parts inside the product. Do not remove or attempt to service the product by any unauthorized service center. This warranty is voided if (i) the product has been modified or repaired by any unauthorized service center, (ii) the product was subject to accident, abuse, or improper use (iii) the product was subject to conditions more severe than those specified in the manual.

Warranty service may be obtained by contacting TRENDnet within the applicable warranty period and providing a copy of the dated proof of the purchase. Upon proper submission of required documentation a Return Material Authorization (RMA) number will be issued. An RMA number is required in order to initiate warranty service support for all TRENDnet products. Products that are sent to TRENDnet for RMA service must have the RMA number marked on the outside of return packages and sent to TRENDnet prepaid, insured and packaged appropriately for safe shipment. Customers shipping from outside of the USA and Canada are responsible for return shipping fees. Customers shipping from outside of the USA are responsible for custom charges, including but not limited to, duty, tax, and other fees.

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## **Product Warranty Registration**

Please take a moment to register your product online. Go to TRENDnet's website at http://www.trendnet.com/register



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